

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES.

THIRTEENTH YEAR

GETTYSBURG, PA., TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 3d, 1914.

PRICE TWO CENTS.

SPECIAL SALE OF WOMENS SHOES

150 to 200 Pairs \$1.48 and \$1.60
of Broken Lots at

All these goods were originally \$2.00, \$2.50
and \$3.00

On # Tables # for # Your # Convenience

ECKERT'S -:- STORE

"ON THE SQUARE"

Open Monday and Saturday Evenings

PHOTOPLAY

THE TOLL TWO REEL VITAGRAPH

Held by a band of blackmailers a young man is rescued by a girl. He brings her to America and his wife is jealous of her. She is followed by one of the band and slain, but before her death, she reunites her protector and his wife. With DOROTHY KELLY.

HE WANTED TO WORK LUBIN COMEDY

A negro tried to palm himself off as an Irishman.

THE COOK NEXT DOOR LUBIN COMEDY

With MAE HOTELY.

LAUGHING GAS KEYSTONE COMEDY

TO-MORROW: "THE MILLION DOLLAR MYSTERY" EPISODE

EIGHT.

Show Starts 6:30

Admission 5 Cents.

WALTER'S THEATRE

TO-NIGHT

IN THE SHADOW OF DISGRACE EDISON DRAMA

In two parts with MABEL TRUNNELLE, YALE BENNER and HERBERT PRIOR.

Seth is madly in love with Norah who is without a doubt the prettiest girl in the village. Norah spurns Seth's love for that of Arthur Maitland. They are secretly married and Maitland leaves for India. Seth intercepts Arthur's letter, and the gossips get busy. An unusual climax completes this film.

A MATRIMONIAL ADVERTISEMENT MELIES COMEDY

HELP, HELP, HYDROPHOBIA KEYSTONE COMEDY

Show Starts 6:30

Admission 5 cents.

Hudnut's

Soaps
Toilet Waters
Face Powders
Talcums
Extracts
Other Cosmetics

See the Window Display

PEOPLE'S DRUG STORE

Fall and Winter Clothes for Well Groomed Men

The man of today has passed the stage where "freakish" fashions are accepted. He wants distinction in style, quality, material and the highest standard of tailoring.

These essentials have made our clothes the standard of excellence, adopted by men of discriminating tastes.

J. D. LIPPY, Tailor.

GLOVES

Come and see our Elastic Wrist Mittens, exceedingly popular for sportsmens' use, also for driving, motoring, etc.

Balmacaans and Raincoats

EBERHART'S : AUTO : SUPPLY : STORE
Eagle Hotel Building.

CLOTHING designed to attire men for Winter, at moderate expenditure.

GENUINE smart style and neatness are the distinguishing notes all through our large, carefully chosen collection of Suits and Overcoatings.

Mens' Newest Fall Furnishings.

ROGERS, MARTIN COMPANY

AGENTS FOR FOOTER'S DYE WORKS.

Open your door to DR. HUDSON'S LIQUID CONDITIONER and watch the results. The horse will show you, even though you be from Missouri. He will tell you the story—without words. Sold everywhere. Price, 50 cents a bottle
THREE BOTTLES FOR \$1.00.

WILL ORGANIZE RED CROSS HERE

Branch of National Society will be Established in Gettysburg Next Week to Send Bandages and Supplies to Europe.

For the purpose of sending bandages and other needed supplies to the European war zone, a Gettysburg branch of the American Red Cross Society will be organized here next week. The time and place for holding the first meeting will be announced later.

All over the country, these branches are being organized. The national headquarters is supplying samples of the kinds of material needed and full instructions, so that the women throughout the country may go ahead with a definite system which will yield the best results. Bandages in enormous quantities are needed and all materials sent to New York for shipment are thoroughly sterilized so that they may be ready for immediate use as soon as they are received on the other side.

It is believed that the American Red Cross will also engage extensively in sending clothing and supplies for the families in which the wage earner is at the front. Whether or not the Gettysburg branch of the society will take up this phase of the work will be determined upon at the meeting next week.

Full instructions from national headquarters will be secured before next week's meeting which will be open to all the people of town who care to assist. Mrs. E. H. True is in communication with the American Red Cross relative to the work of the local branch.

EXCURSION A SUCCESS

Reports Show that 1100 Went to Pittsburgh.

The first excursion run to Pittsburgh by the Western Maryland proved to be a great success from every standpoint. The train was run in three sections and the total number of passengers who made the trip from the different points was in the neighborhood of 1100, thus proving that the excursion was a paying proposition for the Western Maryland.

One section which was run from Baltimore hauled between 500 and 600; the regular train which was run over the B. and O. division via Emory Grove had some 200, most of them being from Harrisburg, Hanover and Gettysburg. Hagerstown was also well represented in Pittsburgh as 398 tickets were sold from that city. The Western Maryland can be complimented on the way it handled the crowds.

JOHN R. MEREDITH

Civil War Veteran Found Dead in Bed at Shippensburg.

John R. Meredith, a well known Civil War veteran, of Shippensburg, was found dead in bed Saturday morning at the home of his daughter, Mrs. George Heller.

He was in his usual health Friday and made no complaint as he retired, Friday night. He did not respond to a call on Saturday morning and it was then discovered that he was dead, heart trouble apparently being the cause.

He was about 75 years old and is survived by the following children: Mrs. George Heller, Albert and Wilson, of Shippensburg; Mrs. George Brinkerhoff, Leesburg, and Harper Meredith, of Shippensburg.

COMING EVENTS

Happ'nings in Gettysburg Scheduled for Coming Weeks.

Nov. 5, 6—Convention Gettysburg College Women's Leagues.

Nov. 6—Ft. of the Toy Shop. Walter's Theatre.

Nov. 16—Annual Teachers' Institute. Walter's Theatre.

Nov. 17—Boys' and Girls' Leagues Exhibit, Court House.

Nov. 17—Lecture. Dr. T. A. Cairns. Brua Chapel.

Nov. 21—Foot Ball. Middletown A. C. Nixon Field.

Nov. 24—Vogel's City Minstrels. Walter's Theatre.

Dec. 4—Kneisel Quartet Recital. Brua Chapel.

Mr. and Mrs. Howard Topper, of Idaville Route 2, were over Sunday visitors at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Harry Sterner, Gettysburg Route 5.

BRICK PLANT CEASES WORK

Many Orders Ahead but Shipments are Indefinite and Practically All the Men are Laid Off. Opening Time is Uncertain.

In spite of the fact that they have sufficient orders ahead to keep their hands working for some time, the plant of the Auburn Shale Brick Company at this place has been closed for an indefinite period. W. F. Oswald, manager of the establishment, in discussing the shut-down said this morning:

"It is not for lack of orders that we have found necessary this cessation of activity, for we have a large amount of our product ordered. Shipment on nearly all of this has been held up, however, owing to the stringency of the money market and, until there is some relief there, and we can be given some assurance about the time for shipments, we will have to remain virtually idle. I trust that matters will become easier in the near future so that we can go ahead, but just now I cannot give any definite date for resuming operations. It may be several weeks, or it may be a month."

There were thirty two men employed at the plant when it closed down on Saturday. Of these only a few are still at work and they are busy cleaning up about the place and making some few minor repairs.

Mr. Oswald stated this morning that the plant has on hand sufficient bricks to meet the transient demand up to the time when he believes it will be possible to operate with the full force again.

SURPRISE PARTY

George Eppelman Visited by Large Number of Friends.

A very enjoyable surprise party was held Saturday night at the home of John Eppelman in honor of his son, George. Those present were Mr. and Mrs. Edward Starner, Mrs. Daniel Gochenaur, Mrs. William Barbour, Mrs. William Heller, Misses Irene Martin, Mary Eppelman, Herma Slaybaugh, Tressie Cline, Laura Eppelman, Nettie Martin, Izora Day, Maude Eppelman, Mae Gochenaur, Elva Eppelman, Lillian Weaver, Della Shepherd, Mable Heller, Esther Eppelman, Ruth McCauslin, Blanche Barbour, Grace Fair, Viola Walter, Marguerite Howe, Muriel Myers, Thelma Routsong, Mary Webb, Maude Naylor, Irene Cline, Messrs. James Routsong, John Wahley, Clayton Topper, Roy Fair, Russel Weaver, Chester Baugher, Ralph Cline, Dyson Heller, Ralph McCauslin, Albert Fair, George Eppelman, John Black, Ira Heller, Edgar Fair, Oscar Webb, Fred Heller, Charles Spangler, Lloyd Orner, George Bucher, Mervin Schlosser, Cletus Cline, Melvin Heller, Edward Gochenaur, Ralph Cline, Sterling Starner, Harry Oyler, Edward Black.

HAGERSTOWN FIRES

Sixth in Less than a Week Destroys W. H. Startzman's Barn.

The sixth fire in less than a week, occurred in Hagerstown Sunday when the frame stable of William H. Startzman, was destroyed with a quantity of straw and hay, entailing a loss of \$500. The origin of this blaze is unknown.

The dwelling and store room of Elmer Buhrman, on the Foxville road, near the Mason and Dixon line, was burned to the ground causing a loss of \$1,000. A defective flue was the cause. A mountain fire of wide proportions is now raging in the vicinity of Pinesburg, along the Western Maryland railway.

MARRIAGE LICENSE

Permit Issued to Adams County People to Wed.

Clerk of the Courts Olinger has issued a marriage license to the following:

Bernard Stonesifer, son of Mr. and Mrs. Austin E. Stonesifer, and Miss Pauline Millhimes, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John E. Millhimes, both of Littlestown.

MRS. J. J. GROH

Former Resident of Adams County Dies in Ohio.

Mrs. J. J. Groh, youngest daughter of Frank T. Manahan, formerly of this county, died in Springfield, Ohio, Sunday morning, aged 29 years.

THANKSGIVING TURKEY CROP

Farmers Differ in their Opinion as to Number of Birds that will be Offered for Sale. What the Produce Men Believe.

That Thanksgiving turkey—usually a subject for great argument and dire predictions at this time of the year—is again in the limelight and questions are being asked generally as to his condition and the extent of his kind. Reports from many farms show the usual diversity of opinion among the poultry raisers of Adams County. Inquiry made at the office of the Rice Produce Company in Gettysburg was met with this reply:

"We do not know what to think about the turkey market for Thanksgiving. Some of our farmers say that the supply will be plentiful. Others aver that they will have only a small portion of their last year's output. Some say that the birds are small and that few of them will be fit for the feast of Thanksgiving Day. Others say that they are of good size and will be in fine condition for the market of the latter part of the month. So there you are."

Albert Hollinger, proprietor of the produce house at the corner of North Washington and Railroad streets, was asked for conditions as he found them. He said:

"Reports come in generally of a shortage in turkeys. The spring was too wet for most favorable raising of the fowls and when they were about half grown a disease killed a great many birds in some sections of the county so that I believe our output will be considerably short of last year. Just what price we may expect I cannot tell. Now it is seventeen cents a pound—the same price which prevailed last year at this time."

From other sections the report is that the supply will be normal or above. In Tennessee, Virginia, Maryland and all through the Blue Ridge mountain section and on the Eastern Shore where Baltimore draws the largest portion of its supply of turkeys, farmers report that the birds are in excellent condition. This has been a good year for the crops and plenty of food was thus afforded.

The unsettled condition in financial circles, say the commission men, might in a way affect the shipping of the turkeys.

TWO TAVERNS

Two Taverns—Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Myers and Mr. Klunk, of McSherrystown, spent Sunday with S. J. Collins and wife.

Mrs. Roy Wickey, of Littlestown, spent last week with her mother, Mrs. Annie Wolf.

D. C. Harner and wife, of McSherrystown, spent Sunday with Mrs. Matilda Harner.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Charles Wolf a son.

Jeremiah Sentz and daughter, Miss Sallie, of Baltimore, spent last week with relatives at this place.

Mrs. Paul Miller, who has been on the sick list, is able to be out again.

Born to Mr. and Mrs. Allen Kelly, a daughter.

Mrs. C. A. Yoost spent Sunday at Hanover.

TAKEN TO HOSPITAL

Chambersburg Hospital Could not Help Young Kuhn.

Carl Kuhn, the young man from Cashown who was shot in the eye on Monday while hunting rabbits, was taken to a Philadelphia hospital this morning by Dr. Woomer, of Cashown, where he was taken on Monday nothing could be done for him as the eye specialist connected with the institution was not available. He was brought back to his home in the afternoon and this morning Dr. Woomer took him back to Chambersburg by automobile, leaving from there for Philadelphia. It is said now that there is some question about the location of the shot which, it was at first thought, could be plainly seen in the eyeball.

ANNUAL supper by Biglerville Lutheran Sunday School November 13 and 14th. Oysters, chicken soup, ice cream, etc., 5 to 10 p. m. in church basement. Benefit of parsonage fund. Everybody invited.—advertisement 1

WANTED: A reliable girl for general housework. Mrs. W. A. Martin, Carlisle street.—advertisement 1

ALL READY FOR THE CONVENTION

Women's Leagues of Gettysburg College, to Meet here this Week, Announce their Program. Several to Make Addresses.

The program for the fourth annual convention of the Women's Leagues of Gettysburg College, to be held in College Church Thursday and Friday of this week, has been announced.

The first session will be held Thursday afternoon at two o'clock. Mrs. H. C. Alleman will have charge of the devotional services and the address of welcome will be made by Mrs. Charles F. Sanders. The program of the afternoon will include the address of the president, the reports of the executive committee and officers, and of the Y. M. C. A. secretary, and a solo by Mr. Simon.

In the evening at seven o'clock Mrs. L. B. Wolf, of Baltimore, will speak on "The Necessity of the Leagues"; Mrs. Strauss, of Baltimore, on "Methods of Work"; and Mrs. S. W. Herman, of Harrisburg, on "Past, Present and Future of the League". There will be a selection by the college glee club and at nine o'clock a reception will be given by Dr. and Mrs. Granville at their home to all members of the convention and of the local league.

Friday morning Dr. Granville will address the convention, there will be reports of committees and election of officers and the convention will adjourn at noon. The delegates will attend a luncheon at Hotel Gettysburg at one o'clock. Mrs. W. A. Bayly, of Washington, will be the toastmistress. To this luncheon the ladies of Gettysburg are cordially invited whether they are members of the league or not. Tickets for this luncheon at 50 cents may be secured at any of the sessions from Mrs. Burgoon and it is asked that all who wish to be served should secure their tickets as early as possible in order that the necessary arrangements for their entertainment can be made.

The public is cordially invited to attend all of the business sessions and it is hoped that many of the Gettysburg friends of the college will avail themselves of this opportunity to acquaint themselves with the work being done. Out of town delegates will attend from Philadelphia, Pittsburgh, Washington, Baltimore, Harrisburg, York, Shippensburg, Mechanicsburg, Indiana and Middletown.

PECULIAR POISON

Fumes from Boiling Apple Butter Cause Peculiar Distress.

Mrs. H. V. Kepner, of near town, was the victim of a peculiar mishap on Friday while boiling apple butter for a neighbor. The person for whom the apple butter was being made had placed sassafras roots in it to give it a better flavor, but mixed with the sassafras was some poison sumac. The steam from the boiling butter enveloped her face and infected it, causing the face to become almost twice its natural size. Some of the apple butter was tasted by others. Their mouths also became infected and their lips were greatly swollen.

WEDDINGS

Two McSherrystown Girls Marry Hanover Men on Sunday.

Miss Mary M. Smith, daughter of Mr. and Mrs. William Smith, McSherrystown, and George F. Shultz, of Hanover, were married at St. Mary's parsonage, McSherrystown, Sunday evening.

Miss Ella R. Noel, of McSherrystown, and Irvin H. Dietz, of Hanover, were married at St. Matthews Lutheran parsonage, Hanover, Sunday evening.

HAND INFECTED

New Oxford Physician Has Hospital Treatment.

Dr. Seaks, of New Oxford, is suffering from blood poisoning as the result of an infection of a wound he received while doing some work. His hand became very much infected and he went to the West Side Sanitarium, York, on Monday where the hand was opened. Dr. Seaks has suffered great pain from the member, which is now much relieved.

KODAK films, everything in Kodak line always fresh. Huber's Drug Store.—advertisement 1

FOREST FIRE AT BOILING SPRINGS

Valuable Land is Burned over and Scores of Men Go out to Fight the Flames which are not Reported under Control.

Stretching over a path almost a mile in width and spreading rapidly before a high wind, a mountain fire which broke out near Beavertown early Saturday morning, is headed toward Boiling Springs and is now on the land of the South Mountain Land Company. A number of men drawn from Boiling Springs and the surrounding country are fighting the fire under the direction of State Forest Ranger Conklin.

The blaze is one of the two fires which broke out near Dillsburg, on Saturday from unknown causes. The other which was a smaller fire burned toward the town and for a time threatened the house and buildings on the Prosser farm near that town. It was finally stopped, after strenuous efforts.

Starting at Beavertown in the vicinity of Big Dog Wood the fire burned westward Saturday, Monday and to-day. Land in the vicinity of Indian Peg was burned. The fire originally started near the crest of the mountain and is working both ways. Constable Wise, of Dillsburg, called out some men for work on that side. There was a slight mixup, it being claimed that under a recent act of the legislature this work is in the charge of the county supervisors. The blaze headed toward property near the Reading Ore Banks near Boiling Springs and property owned by the South Mountain Land Company.

Various estimates have been made as to the area burned over which place it at a big figure. The loss will be heavy. Part of this section was burned over a few years ago. It is believed that unless there is a shift of wind that considerably more damage will be caused.

SHOT IN THE LEG

Farmer Fires at Partridge and Hits Maurice Flickinger.

Maurice Flickinger, son of Charles Flickinger, proprietor of the Jefferson Hotel, an operator for the Western Maryland at Hanover, was a victim of a hunting accident on Monday. He sustained wounds in his left leg from shots of a gun discharged by William Hamme.

The accident occurred in a field near Cold Springs, York County. When Flickinger ran out from behind some underbrush to get within close range of a flock of partridges, Mr. Hamme, who was unaware of Flickinger's presence fired at a partridge that had been frightened by the latter. Mr. Hamme's aim was low, the shot striking Mr. Flickinger's left leg. The heaviest part of the charge, however, passed between the victim's legs and hit his dog, killing it instantly.

Mr. Hamme was at a range of about 100 yards at the time he discharged the gun. The shots were so deeply imbedded in the flesh that they could not be removed.

HUNTING MISHAPS

Two Gettysburg Men in Accidents First Day of Season.

While hunting Monday afternoon, C. D. Stallsmith, North Stratton street, tripped over a wire and fell heavily, breaking his arm at the elbow. The same arm was broken in two places several years ago when Mr. Stallsmith fell from the roof of a house.

Murray E. Long, Baltimore street, stepped on a broken bottle while hunting on Monday and cut his foot so badly that it required the attention of a physician.

SHOW COMING

Vogel's Big City Minstrels Booked for this Month.

John W. Vogel's Big City Minstrels, which appeared here several times in past years, has been booked by Miller and Ziegler for Walter's Theatre, for Tuesday night, November 24.

Mrs. John H. Weaver, of Cedar Ridge, and Mr. and Mrs. Emanuel Adams and children, of New Oxford, who spent the last few days visiting at the home of Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Troutman, York, have returned home.

THE GETTYSBURG TIMES

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Times and News Publishing Company

W. LAVERE HAFER,
Secretary and Treasurer.

PHILIP R. BIKLE,
President.

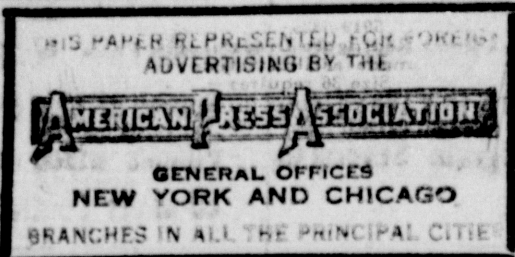
PHILIP R. BIKLE, Editor.

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paid on the pink address label on your paper. The date will be changed within
two days after your money is received at The Times Office.

Entered August 16, 1904, at Gettysburg, Pa., as second-class matter, under
Congress March 3, 1879.

BELL PHONE UNITED PHONE
Office in Northwest corner of Centre Square, Gettysburg, Pennsylvania.



Want ads. One cent per word each insertion. Two cents a word if guaran-
teed first page position. Resolutions of respect, poetry and memoriams one
cent per word.

Medical Advertising Head And Back Ache

Then you need NERVALIN,
which acts thoroughly on all the
nerves of the body; quiets excessive
pulsation of the heart without injury;
overcomes indigestion caused by over-
eating or smoking, and remove the
severe back pains due to neurasthenia.
25 cents a box at People's Drug
Store, Gettysburg, Pa.

THE WESTERN MARYLAND RAILWAY

Schedule Effective Sunday, Sept. 27,
1914.

Daily, leave 5:50 a. m., for Balti-
more, stopping at Hanover.

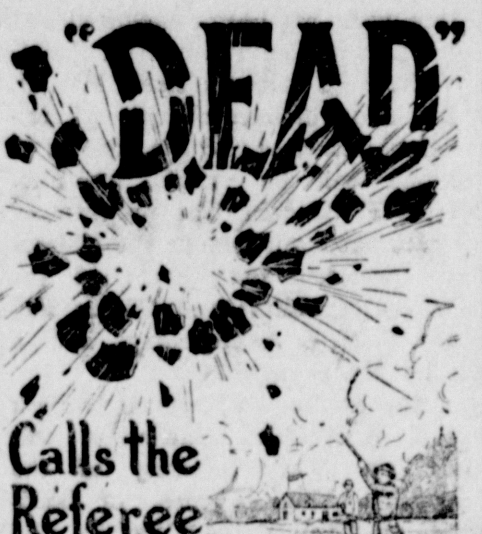
Daily except Sunday, leave 8:39 a.
m., for York and intermediate sta-
tions.

Daily, 3:44 p. m., for Baltimore,
York and intermediate stations. No
connection for York on Sunday.

Daily, 10:09 a. m., for Hagers-
town, and intermediate stations and
the West.

Daily except Sunday, 5:38 p. m.,
for Hagerstown and intermediate
stations.

Daily, 11:22 p. m., for Hagers-
town, Cumberland and Pittsburgh.



WHETHER CLAY OR
LIVE BIRDS
must be killed you'll not be em-
barrassed, if you shoulder a Fox Gun.
It will perform exactly as you plan.
We have sold too many to fear any
"come-backs." The
FOX GUN
"The Finest Gun in the World"
is a score booster—a close, accurate
shooter. All the pleasant things
you've hoped for in a gun you'll
realize in a Fox.
Call it—try one at your own
shoulder—feel its positive, quick
pull—its balance—its accuracy.
Every gun is backed by US and
we're backed by them. When
will you be in? Folder Free.
ADAMS COUNTY
HARDWARE COMPANY

Apple : Picking : Supplies

Pointed Fruit Ladders	12 cents a foot.
Automatic Extension Ladders	16 cents a foot.
Tilley Ladders	25 cents a foot.
Oak Picking Baskets	30 cents each.
Barrel Presses	\$1.25 each.
Picking Bags	\$1.00 each.

Bigham's Hardware Store

Biglerville, Pa.

FOR SALE

Desirable Thirty Acre Property, between Guernsey
and Center Mills, improved with Brick House and Out-
buildings. A farm with good fruit land in the center
of the apple belt.

Apply.

E. D. Heiges,
Biglerville National Bank.

MANY LANDOWNERS WANT

Trespass Cards

to post on their land
in addition to adver-
tising in the paper.

We have them.
already Printed.

Cards Muslin

at the

TIMES : OFFICE

5 CENTS EACH.
OR
6 FOR 25 CENTS.
10 CENTS EACH.
OR
6 FOR 50 CENTS.

No Life is Wasted.
No life is wasted in the great work-
er's hand. The gem too poor to pol-
ish in itself is grinded to brighten oth-
ers.—Philip James Bailey.

TURKEY MAKES APOLOGY FOR RAID

Grand Vizier Presents Official Disclaimer to Allies.

THEY STILL MENACE EGYPT

2000 Armed Bedouins Cross Border
and Large Forces are Reported As-
sembling in Syria.

London, Nov. 3.—There is a report
from Constantinople that the grand
vizier has apologized to Russia, Great
Britain and France for the acts of the
Turkish fleet in the Black sea.

Many events of the past twenty-four
hours, however, show that war be-
tween Turkey and the Triple Entente
has actually begun and that only the
formal notification is lacking.

The Turkish ambassador to Great
Britain, Tewfik Pasha, was handed
his passports and will leave for Ber-
lin. The ambassadors of the Triple En-
tente powers received their passports
in Constantinople on Sunday and the
British ambassador immediately de-
parted for Bulgaria on a special train.
The French and Russian envoys also
left.

Fighting on sea and land shows how
meaningless have been the protesta-
tions of the Turkish officials. It is re-
ported from Athens and Rome that a
British and French squadron sank
two Turkish warships in the harbor
of Tchesme, near Smyrna.

The Turks renewed the bombard-
ment of Odessa and Theodosia on
Saturday. Turkish armies are mass-
ing near Beirut, and on the Cauca-
sian frontier, and two Turkish army
corps are nearing the frontier of
Egypt, and the report persists that
from 2000 to 3000 Bedouins have al-
ready crossed the border. In addition
Turkey is mining the coast of Smyrna
and is sending Mullahs to preach the
Jihad in Asia and Africa.

It was learned in Athens that the
Anglo-French fleet, which has been
concentrated within striking distance
of the Dardanelles, entered the harbor
of Tchesme, which is forty miles
west southwest of Smyrna, and found
two Turkish warships for which the
fleet had been searching.

These were the gunboat Duhakreis
and the converted cruiser Kinalhade.
The report says that the Turkish
ships were sunk. It is assumed that
the British and French ships have
been ordered to prevent Turkish war-
ships from operating in the Aegean
sea.

A dispatch from Rome to the Lon-
don Express says a report has reach-
ed there that 400,000 Turks are mass-
ed on the Caucasian border, and that
300,000 are waiting at Beyrout, Jaffa
and other ports for transportation to
the Sinai Peninsula. These ports, it
is said, are well guarded by the Brit-
ish and French fleets.

"I am officially informed," says the
Express correspondent, "that a circu-
lar announcing the mobilization of
the Greek army has been received by
the foreign consuls."

GOEBEN REPORTED DAMAGED

Shells From Sebastopol Batteries
Force Retirement For Repairs.

Petrograd, Nov. 3.—A dispatch from
Sebastopol says that the former Ger-
man cruiser Goeben's bombardment
of the Black Sea fort was put to an
end by the Constantinowskawa bat-
teries, which forced the warship to
withdraw.

The shore station subsequently in-
tercepted a wireless telegraph mes-
sage from the Goeben, which said:
"Damaged. Will return to Constanti-
nople for repairs."

PEACE PRIZE FOR HOLLAND

Dutch Reported Slated For Nobel
Award of \$40,000.

London, Nov. 3.—Holland is to be
awarded the Nobel peace prize for
this year, according to a report from
Christiania, published by the Amster-
dam Handelsblad.

According to the report the \$40,000
is to be used toward caring for Bel-
gian refugees who have fled to Hol-
land.

German Royal Prince Killed.

Warsaw, Nov. 3.—Some personage
of most exalted position—it is con-
jectured he was a prince of the house
of Hohenzollern—was killed on the Ger-
man side during the fighting to the
west of this city. The tent this officer
pitched at Gellinoff, between Warsaw
and Skiernewice, was strongly guard-
ed; and after the battle, in which the
Germans were compelled to retreat,
the body, swathed in linen, was put
in a motor car and taken away under
a cavalry escort.

Scotland Against Carnegie.

Dunfermline, Scotland, Nov. 3.—A
strong hostile feeling has grown up
against Andrew Carnegie, the Ameri-
can steel millionaire, because of his
supposed friendship for the Kaiser.
His statue was pelted with mud and
refuge. "Carnegie films" are being
withdrawn from moving picture the-
aters.

Bulgaria Will Not Fight.

London, Nov. 3.—The correspond-
ent of the Times wires from Sofia
that he is informed on the highest
authority that Bulgaria will maintain
her attitude of strict neutrality in
spite of Turkey's entrance into the
European war.

No Life is Wasted.
No life is wasted in the great work-
er's hand. The gem too poor to pol-
ish in itself is grinded to brighten oth-
ers.—Philip James Bailey.

A WAR VICTIM.

Wounded Belgian in Hospital In
London.



Photo by American Press Association.

AWAIT ELECTIONS TO START WILSON BOOM

Democratic Victory Clears His Path For 1916.

Washington, Nov. 3.—It became
known that men close to President
Wilson are working on the under-
standing that he will be a candidate
in 1916 despite his own silence on
the subject, and they have begun
preparations for the campaign.

Although no formal statement was
issued, White House officials say Mr.
Wilson is confident both senate and
house will be safely Democratic as
the result of today's elections. Pre-
dictions were made that the majority
in the house will be more than fifty
and that the present majority in the
senate will be increased.

On the outcome of today's election,
however, depends whether the pres-
ident will call an extra session of con-
gress later this month. It was under-
stood that there will be no extra ses-
sion if the party retains control of
congress. Otherwise it was said that
the president would call an extra ses-
sion in order that policies he stands
for may be carried to completion dur-
ing the life of the present congress.

The president received pre-election
forecasts from different parts of the
country and was encouraged by all the
information reaching him.

DISCOVER BIG BOMB PLOT

Detectives Say Canadian Canal and
Tunnel Were to Be Destroyed.

Welland, Ont., Nov. 3.—Secret ser-
vice men employed by the United
States government have discovered a
plot to blow up the Welland canal and
the Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo rail-
way tunnel at Hamilton, Ont., accord-
ing to information received by the
Dominion government.

Every available secret service man
in the employ of the government and
detectives of the Canadian Pacific
railroad were summoned to meet in
Toronto, whence they will leave to pa-
trol the tunnel at Hamilton and the
canal from St. Catherine's to Lake
Erie. The canal has been under guard
of Dominion troops since the outbreak
of the war.

MONTENEGRINS RAZE FORT

Servia's Allies Continue Bombardment
of Cattaro and Are Victorious.

Paris, Nov. 3.—A dispatch to the
Havas agency from Cettinge, Monte-
negro, dated Sunday, says:

"The Montenegrin artillery contin-
ued the bombardment of Fort Ver-
matz, near Sattaro, Dalmatia. A shell
penetrated the munitions depot, blow-
ing up the fort."

"The Montenegrins marching on
Gasko, in Herzegovina, near the Mon-
tenegrin frontier, occupied an impor-
tant position at Kobila, inflicting an
appreciable loss on the enemy."

WEATHER EVERYWHERE.

Observations of United States
weather bureaus taken at 8 p. m.
yesterday follow:

	Temp.	Weather.
Albany.....	46	Clear.
Atlantic City.....	56	Clear.
Boston.....	52	Cloudy.
Buffalo.....	42	Cloudy.
Chicago.....	56	Clear.
New Orleans.....	68	Clear.
New York.....	54	P. Cloudy.
Philadelphia.....	54	Clear.
St. Louis.....	68	Clear.
Washington.....	52	Clear.

The Weather.
Fair today and tomorrow;
cooler; northwest winds.

FOR SALE: brick house on Wash-
ington street. Inquire Times office.
advertisement.

ELECT GUTIERREZ MEXICAN HEAD

Peace Convention Names Pro- visional President.

WILL SERVE TWENTY DAYS

Carranza's Threat Is Disregarded and
He Threatens Civil War—Villa to
March on Mexico City.

Mexico City, Nov. 3.—A dispatch re-
ceived here from Aguas Calientes
says General Eulalio Gutierrez was
elected provisional president of Mex-
ico. The election is for a period of
twenty days only.

The Aguas Calientes convention
voted to meet in Mexico City later.

General Gutierrez has been promi-
nently identified with the Mexican
revolutionary movement that resulted
in the expulsion of General Huerta
from the republic. He is a close friend
of General Carranza and rose with
Carranza against Huerta in Carran-
za's native state of Coahuila.

He defeated a force of Federalists
near Saltillo in January of this year,
and in April he expelled the Spanish
residents from the city of San Luis
Potosi. One of his latest victories
against the Federalists was won at Van-
egas in June.

Commenting upon the action of the
Aguas Calientes convention, Foreign
Minister Pabla said:

"The high officers of this govern-
ment believe the convention had no
right to name a successor to General
Carranza. If General Villa and Gen-
eral Zapata refuse to leave the coun-
try with Carranza, we will have war.
The only way to guarantee peace is
for these three chieftains to leave the
field. General Gutierrez is a brave and
honorable soldier, but the convention
must live up to the demands of Gen-
eral Carranza."

Carranza Threatens Civil War.

El Paso, Tex., Nov. 3.—The con-
ference of revolutionary chiefs at Aguas
Calientes has disregarded General
Carranza's protest and elected Eulalio
Gutierrez provisional president of
Mexico, according to an official report
reaching the border.

The latest official dispatches from
Mexico City said that Carranza was
threatening civil war unless the con-
vention complied with his demand to
retire Villa and Zapata with his re-
signation. The Mexico City papers, by
order of Carranza, are publishing the
correspondence with Washington over
the conditions of evacuation of Vera
Cruz.

Villa to March on Mexico City.

Juarez, Mex., Nov. 3.—Believing
that General Carranza has no inten-
tion of giving up his position as first
chief of the Constitutionalists and
acting as provisional president, Gen-
eral Villa has begun moving his army
to Mexico City.

At three mobilization points, Gua-
dalajara, Torreon and Zacatecas, Villa
had all the available rolling stock in
northern Mexico concentrated, and
troops were entrained for a move-
ment which he admits means war for
the possession of the national capi-
tal. All troops of known loyalty to
Carranza have been gathered at the
larger towns along the route Villa's
army must take to the capital.

Villa has received assurances from
Emiliano Zapata, whose forces are
menacing the suburbs of Mexico City,
that he will act with the northern
leader.

"White Slave" Gets Five Years.

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 3.—Five years
in the state prison was the sentence
imposed upon Harry Karlheim, of At-
lantic City, in the United States court
here for aiding in the "white slave"
traffic by transporting two women
from Altoona to Atlantic City for im-
moral purposes. Karlheim was sen-
tenced on an indictment containing
two counts, and put two years and
six months on each count.

Mount Vesuvius Again Active.

Naples, Nov. 3.—Mount Vesuvius is
again in eruption and the inhabitants
in its vicinity have become greatly
alarmed. Sunday special prayers were
made and processions of people went
to favored shrines, as a repetition of
the disaster of 1906 is feared. The
activity of the volcano first manifest-
ed itself by deep detonations and
rumblings.

Another Slide at Panama.

Washington, Nov. 3.—That the Pan-
ama canal again was blocked by the
movement of earth north of Gold
Hill, but that it would be open for
traffic next Wednesday, was stated in
a telegram received by the war de-
partment from Governor Goethals.

Mountain Fire Near Harrisburg.

Harrisburg, Pa., Nov. 3.—Fire broke
out in the woods on the mountains
four miles west of Harrisburg, and
ravaged many acres of timber. It ap-
proached close to several farms and
to the Pennsylvania railroad.

276 Children Killed in New York.

New York, Nov. 3.—Since Jan. 1 last
276 children have been killed by ve-
hicular traffic in the streets of New
York, according to the monthly report
of the National Highways Protective
society just issued.

Small Chance for Him.

A manufacturer is making gloves
with coin pockets in the palms. A
one-armed man is going to have a fine
time getting at his change.

FOOTBALL PLAYER DIES

Youth Injured In Game Lived Since
Saturday With Broken Back.

Pittsburgh, Pa., Nov. 3.—James
Lavery, nineteen years old, of Am-
bridge, Pa., died here in the Pres-
byterian hospital from injuries suf-
fered in a football game on Saturday.
His back was broken when he was
playing with the Ambridge eleven
against the Delmont club. His death
marks the second football fatality in
Pittsburgh this season. Two weeks
ago Michael Kennedy, a Lawrence-
ville youth, was fatally injured in a
game between two amateur teams.

Football Injury Causes Death.

McAllen, Tex., Nov. 3.—Kicked in
the left temple while tackling in a
football game, Dudley Gothrup, aged
eighteen years, died from his injuries.

21 NEW HAVEN R. R. DIRECTORS INDICTED

Financiers Charged With Vi- olating Anti-Trust Laws.

New York, Nov. 3.—Criminal in-
dictments were returned by the United
States grand jury against twenty-
one directors and former directors of
the New York, New Haven & Hart-
ford Railroad company.

Those against whom indictments
were returned included William Rock-
efeller, T. De Witt Cuyler, of Phila-
delphia; Theodore N. Vail, George F.
Baker, William Skinner, Charles L.
Billard.

The indictments charge conspiracy
in violation of the Sherman anti-trust
law to monopolize commerce. Under
section two of the law, under which
they were returned, the maximum
penalty upon conviction is one year
imprisonment and \$5000 fine.

Search warrants were issued for
the twenty-one men named in the in-
dictments, upon request of the dis-
trict attorney.

The list of those indicted other than
already named follows: George Mac-
Culloch Miller, D. Newton Barney,
Robert W. Taft, James S. Elkton,
James S. Hemingway, Lewis Cass
Ledyard, Charles M. Pratt, A. Heaton
Robertson, Frederick P. Brewster,
Henry K. McHarg, Edward D. Hob-
bins, former general counsel of the
road; Alexander Cochran, Edward
Milligan and Francis T. Maxwell.

The first of the warrants to be
served were those calling for the ar-
rest of George F. Baker, banker and
associate of the late J. Pierpont Mor-
gan, Charles M. Pratt and Lewis Cass
Ledyard. The three were arraigned
before Federal Judge Foster and en-
tered pleas of "not guilty," after
which they were released in the sum
of \$5000 each.

UNDERGOES 46TH OPERATION

Dr. Baetjer, of Johns Hopkins Univer-
sity, In Hospital Once More.

Baltimore, Nov. 3.—Dr. Frederick
Baetjer, of Johns Hopkins hospital,
who has gained prominence for mar-
tyrdom in actinographic research, as
well as for scientific discoveries, is a
patient at the hospital, where he was
operated on for the forty-sixth time.
The glands of the axilla, the hollow
space between the arm and shoulder,
which were affected by the action of
X-rays, were removed. Dr. Baetjer
has lost an eye and four fingers.

Value Jersey Railroads at \$334,835,007

Trenton, N. J., Nov. 3.—The state
board of assessors completed their
valuation for the taxation of the rail-
roads and canals property of this
state. The aggregate valuation of all
railroad property is \$334,835,007,
an increase of about five million dollars.
The aggregate taxes to be paid by
the railroads for state and local use
on this assessed valuation is \$6,802,
976.86, an increase of \$250,186.62 over
last year.

Woman Shot by Careless Hunter.

Lancaster, Pa., Nov. 3.—Miss Sarah
Andrews, of Willow street, was shot
by a careless hunter. Her injuries
are serious. While Carl Bauer, of New
providence, was taking a rest and a
smoke while gunning his gun was ac-
cidentally discharged and the shot
lodged in his arm and hip, inflicting
serious wounds.

GENERAL MARKETS

PHILADELPHIA—FLOUR quiet;
winter clear, \$4.75@4.90; city mills,
fancy, \$5.00@5.10.
RYE FLOUR quiet; per barrel, \$5@
5.50.
WHEAT firm; No. 2 red, \$1.11½@
1.15.
CORN steady; No. 2 yellow, 85½@
84c.
OATS firm; No. 2 white, 53½@54c.;
lower grades, 52c.
POTATOES steady; per bushel, 58
@63c.
POULTRY: Live steady; hens, 13
@15c.; old roosters, 11@12c. Dressed
fowl: choice fowls, 21c.; old roosters,
13½c.
BUTTER firm; fancy creamery, 36c.
EGGS steady; selected, 39 @ 41c.;
nearby, 35c.; western, 35c.

Live Stock Prices.

CHICAGO—HOGS steady; bulk of
sales, \$7.30@7.50; light, \$7.05@7.55;
mixed, \$7.10@7.45; heavy, \$7.10@
7.55; rough, \$7.10@7.20; pigs, \$4@
6.50.
CATTLE higher; no beeves, steers
or stockers and feeders selling; quar-
antine in force; cows and heifers,
\$3.80@4.40; calves, \$7@10.25.
SHEEP higher; sheep, \$5.45@6.35;
yearlings, \$6.25@7; lambs, \$6.50@
8.50.

Rye Grass Long Cultivated.

Rye grass is believed to be the old-
est grass specially raised for forage,
having been thus cultivated in Eng-
land more than two centuries ago.

PERSONAL NOTES AND BRIEF ITEMS

Paragraphs of News Telling of the Happenings in and about Town People Visiting Here and Those Sojourning Elsewhere.

Mrs. Myers and daughter, of Reis-
tertown, are visiting at the home of
Mrs. E. H. Culp on Hanover street.

Mr. and Mrs. D. P. McPherson, of
Carlisle street, are spending several
days in Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. John Blocher, of Car-
lisle street, are spending some time
in Philadelphia.

Mr. and Mrs. Grover Thompson
and son, and Edward Heacock, of
Philadelphia, and Ward Thompson, of
York, are visiting Sheriff Thompson
and family on East High street.

Mrs. J. T. Huddle, of Washington,
is spending some time at her home on
Carlisle street.

Emory Williams is spending some
time at his home on Steinwehr av-
enue.

Gilbert Dickson, of Hanover, is
spending several days with his moth-
er, Mrs. J. Watson Dickson, on North
Washington street.

Mrs. Harry Oyler has gone to
Philadelphia for a visit of several
days.

Mr. and Mrs. J. U. Neely, of Fair-
field, were Gettysburg visitors to-day.
They went from here to Philadelphia.

Miss Cora Hess has returned to
York after a visit with her parents,
Mr. and Mrs. John Hess, on Stein-
wehr avenue.

Rev. W. K. Fleck, of Fairfield, was
a visitor in town to-day.

Mrs. Rose Myers has returned to
her home in this place after a visit
with friends in Highfield.

David Myers, of York, is spending
several days with friends in town.

Luther Beiler, of North Washing-
ton street, is spending the day in
Hanover.

Mrs. Oliver Klinefelter, of Carlisle
street, is spending the day in Han-
over.

Mr. and Mrs. John Furney, of
Waynesboro, are guests at the home
of J. Franklin Furney, Liberty street.

Dr. Curtis Basehoar, of

TOLD OF HEROES ON FIRING LINES OF EUROPEAN BATTLEFIELDS

Stories of Valor Mingled With Official Accounts of Advance and Retreat.

How Soldiers Win Mention In the Dispatches of Their Commanders.

ONE of the greatest honors which can be accorded to a French soldier is to be cited in the order of the day. I give the following typical excerpts from a newly published list, says a war correspondent of the Chicago News. Each paragraph covers a thrilling feat of bravery, which, properly told, would quicken the reader's heart. Yet here they are as laconic as telegrams:

"Fagnaud, a re-enlisted sergeant of the Sixth Infantry, all the officers of the company being killed, took command himself and fell mortally wounded while leading his men into the firing at the edge of a wood.

"Lapouble, second lieutenant in the Fifty-seventh Infantry, already twice wounded, continued to lead the combat at the head of his section with an ardor above praise until the moment when he was struck dead.

"Felic, captain, and Han, lieutenant in the Twelfth Infantry, during eight days, with tireless tenacity, resisted heroically a heavy artillery bombardment and infantry attacks fifty yards distant. When they quitted the farm which they had occupied they left behind only crumbling walls, which threatened to bury them.

France Has Twelve Year Soldier.

A writer in the Petit Parisien says that he was challenged by two sentinels at the entrance to a village, one of whom he was surprised to see was a mere child, though on horseback with a rifle and wearing the regulation



Photo by American Press Association.

WOUNDED BELGIAN IN HOSPITAL.

uniform of a cuirassier. When questioned the boy told the following story, which seems to justify his claim to be called the youngest soldier in France:

"I am twelve years old. My name is Paul Waterlin. I used to live at Creil, where I was a boy scout. Not wishing to live alone after my father, who is a noncommissioned officer in the Thirty-second artillery, went to the front—my mother has been dead a long time—I hid in a troop train, which took me to Namur. There I picked up a wounded man's rifle and fought in the trenches. Afterward Colonel de B. of the cuirassiers sent for me. He said I had done well and might stay with his regiment. He let me keep my rifle and ordered that a uniform and a horse be given me. Since then I have been through the battles of Denain, Meux and the Marne, and I am going north again soon."

When asked how he liked a soldier's life the boy said it was much better than living in houses, which many people who wished to adopt him tried to persuade him to do.

"At the end of our conversation," says the writer, "he lit the cigarette I proffered, blew a big cloud of smoke into the air and cantered off, sitting his horse with true soldierly smartness."

Among the German Wounded.

"I have been traveling on a train to Berlin with the wounded," cables a correspondent from Germany. "The slightly wounded are in first and second class carriages, while baggage, or as they are called here, goods cars, are fitted with bunks for the badly hurt."

"One youth has been struck at an angle through the left eye. Of course he was lucky that the bullet had not come straight at him. Yet it is hard to lose an eye when you are young and an athlete, for this soldier was one of the German Olympic games team, which until the war began were training under the American athletic instructors who had been brought over here."

"Below him lies a most remarkable case—a man, living, conscious and even cheerful after a bullet had passed through his head from front to back. The surgeon says the bullet must have taken a course between the large and small brains, for the wounded man

Value of Porpoise Teeth.

The Bogotu Testament, published for the natives of the Solomon Islands, is sold in exchange for porpoise teeth.

had still control over his nervous system.

"We go to another bunk.

"This man has a bullet lodged in the pericardium, the sack which incloses the heart. We have made an X ray picture of it. The man nods with a smile as we pass. A nurse brings him a bowl of soup, which he thoroughly enjoys.

"Will he live? I ask.

"Yes, we think so."

"These men, many of them shattered physically for the rest of their lives, are all young. They are the cream of the army, boys between eighteen and twenty-four years old, I judge."

Tries to Enlist at Seventy-three.

Recruiting officers attached to a cavalry division in England were nearly bowled over with surprise when



Photo by American Press Association.



Photo by American Press Association.

WOUNDED HIGHLANDER ON CHANNEL STEAMER RETURNING TO ENGLAND.

a gray bearded man applied for a place in the cavalry. He was Henry Chaplin and admitted that his age was seventy-three years. "Old as I am, I can still do a fairly hard day in the saddle," he said. "So I have applied for a place where on horseback I can strike a blow for my country."

He "Pucked" the German Line.

George Andre, the noted French athlete, outdistanced his comrades in a bayonet charge near Arras, wrenched a standard from the German bearer, footballled his way through an amazed group of German infantry and although wounded in the foot, regained the French lines.

"Please Fire," Says Duelist.

A French battalion occupied Mezières in order to guard the bridges over the Meuse. One detachment had hardly arrived at the railroad bridge when its officer, Lieutenant de Lupel, was informed that a German patrol was hidden in the station. The French at once attacked and drove the Germans here and there among the heaps of coal and the buildings. The French officer followed the German officer into the roundhouse, revolver in hand, and caught sight of him crouching behind a tender. The two men looked at each other. Mutual respect and a tacit understanding sprang up. With fifteen

Mistake Some of Them Make.

The reformer who undertakes to derive profit from his activities is very likely to transform the "uplift" into the "holdups."—Exchange.

paces between them each took up a dueling position. "Kindly fire!" cried the Frenchman, just as his ancestors had cried at Fontenoy under similar circumstances. The German fired and missed. Then the Frenchman slowly raised his arm and fired, killing his opponent.

He returned to his men, added them to overcome the Germans' last stand and walked away coolly at the head of his battalion.

Lieutenant Wins the Iron Cross.

German papers speak of an encounter between outposts of French dragoons and German Hussars, in the course of which a well known daring rider, Lieutenant von Falkenhausen, found himself face to face with an even more famous horseman, his former rival in the field of sport, M. de Fournas. Lieutenant von Falkenhausen overcame his opponent after a brief struggle and made him a prisoner—an achievement which earned for him the iron cross.

Machine Gun Duel In the Air.

From a height of 8,000 feet a French mechanic in an aeroplane piloted by Louis Paulhan, the first aviator to fly from London to Manchester, struck down a German machine after a thrilling machine gun duel. The mechanic writes:

"We were flying over the German lines toward Amiens beyond the range of the enemy's aeroplane guns when a Taube emerged below us from behind a cloud. Paulhan turned the nose of our machine downward. We came on his level. The German began to fire without effect.

"We swung within 600 feet of the Taube, which thereupon took a wide sweep in volplane and offered a splendid target.

"My first broadside inflicted a mortal damage, the Taube falling from 8,000 feet like a stone. Our petrol tank, however, was punctured by a bullet, and we succeeded in planing behind our own batteries only by a miracle."

Bavarian's Picture of Battlefield.

The Wuerzburg General Anzberger publishes the following description of



Photo by American Press Association.

BEIGIAN SOLDIERS BATHING FEET AT OSTEND.

a battle in France as given by a Bavarian lieutenant on the firing line:

"Suddenly we were rushing forward. The enemy hurled shells at us from the hills. After heavy losses we reached another small forest at the bottom of the hill occupied by the enemy. His artillery now kept up continuous firing at the forest.

"A shell explodes in a pit not more than three feet from my position. Screams like the yells of wounded animals reach my ear.

"The soldier to my left is hit in the head by a bullet. He tries to raise his hand, but his strength has left him. To the right a soldier has been hit in his arm by a bullet. He laid open the arteries. With a cord I tie his arm to prevent his bleeding to death."

OUR COASTS WELL GUARDED.

Could Repel Any Attack, Says Head of Fortification Committee.

"The United States is so well fortified, with the exception of two points, where work now is in progress, that an attack from the sea probably will never be made on any of these fortifications," said Representative Swager in an authorized statement in Louisville, Ky. Mr. Swager is chairman of the house committee on fortifications.

"The theory upon which the fortifications have been constructed," said Mr. Swager, "who led up to the subject with a discussion of the seventeen inch guns used by the Germans in Belgium, the existence of which, he said, he doubted, "is to protect important harbors from a direct attack by a hostile fleet. This has been done except at San Pedro, Cal., where emplacements for guns are being built and at the mouth of the Chesapeake, where land has been acquired, and estimates shortly will be submitted for placing sixteen inch guns, along with other armament, that should protect that entrance."

"Our guns are of the most modern pattern," he continued, "and are capable of destroying the most modern submarine. Whether it may be thought advisable in the future to prepare certain minor defenses in the rear of our coast fortifications is a matter about which there is some difference of opinion."

One or the Other.

Mrs. Crawford—"Do you think you'll be able to keep up with your neighbors?" Mrs. Crabshaw—"If we can't, my dear, we'll move."—Judge.

MOST IMPORTANT WEEK OF ALL

Possibilities Unlimited and Most Contestants are Working with an Energy Greater than has been Displayed.

Turn in your subscriptions as fast as you get them. Nearly every week this appeal has been made to contestants and yet there are some who seem to pay no attention to it, but continue to hold out all of their subscriptions until the last minute on Saturday night. This makes a great number of subscriptions come together and it is almost impossible to handle them promptly and to get them credited and started as fast as the people want them.

And if there were any reason why contestants should hold out their subscriptions it would be different but there is none. All are assured that they cannot lose a single vote by turning in their subscriptions as fast as they get them. On this special offer all new business is kept count of and, as soon as a contestant has turned in enough for one club, the extra ballot will be written for them.

The present offer is at present exceeding any other period of the contest. Contestants are just getting down to real, hard work and the results are very evident. Without a doubt, this week will figure the largest of all when the final count is made.

So, once again, let us issue the warning that this week must be made to count if one expects to be among the winners at the close. The opportunity is so unlimited and the contestants are working so hard on it that only those who do their very best will be in a position to win.

And now is the time for friends of the different contestants to help if they are ever going to. This offer gives them the best chance of the campaign to get in and work a little and to make that work count for the greatest possible number of votes. Never at any time during the campaign will their help be of more value.

DISTRICT NUMBER ONE

This district includes all of the territory in the city of Gettysburg. At least three prizes will go to this district.

Mrs. C. K. Hartzell	19,120
Miss Jessie Trimmer	150,970
Mrs. Annie M. Wentz	10,470
Mrs. George C. Fissel	180,920
John D. Lippy, Jr.	28,050
Miss Mary Ramer	10,230
Harry Geiselman	5,100
Mrs. Moses Bair	123,130
Miss Anna McSherry	5,190
Miss Marguerite Frommeyer	14,480
Miss Anna Reck	5,240
Miss Ruth Faber	36,520
Miss Anna Gilliland	17,470
Mrs. Harry Culp	5,310
Miss Margaret Willis	10,820
Fred Hummelbaugh	219,470
Mrs. Jessie Easterday	18,040
Mrs. Jacob Mupper	5,130
Miss Lily Dougherty	7,550
Mrs. Carrie Weikert	108,090
Mrs. Tyson Tipton	17,400
Mrs. J. Allen Holtzworth	6,000
Miss Pauline Lestz	10,240
Mrs. S. M. Stewart	19,930
Miss Minerva Taughinbaugh	17,830
Bernard Hoffman	176,840
Katharine Duncan	23,080
Miss Nannie Eicholtz	114,230

DISTRICT NUMBER TWO

This district includes all of the territory outside of the city of Gettysburg. At least three of the prizes must go to this district.

Miss Zita Kalbaugh	18,670
Miss Cora Freed	17,480
Mrs. Amy Wolf	10,210
Miss Della Nagle	22,270
Miss Ada Cashman	17,380
H. K. Raffensperger	5,000
Miss Mary Lady	10,680
Miss Lola Wireman	5,460
Miss Edna Culp	6,580

Miss Emma Miller	22,240
Miss Mary Epplenman	18,140
Miss Maud Naylor	22,380
Ivan Swope	10,240

Mrs. Hattie Wright	22,920
Mrs. Harvey Quiggle	22,630
Miss Anna Asper	17,180
Mrs. Mary Shepard	22,490

Paul J. Hoffman	187,140
Mrs. Emory Kuhn	97,040
Edward L. Bower	51,260
Miss Margaret Houck	5,210
Danner Peters	5,700
Miss N. Blanche Deatrick	17,040
G. Ward Taylor	5,550

Miss Alda Freed	19,910
Roy Andrew	17,730
Miss Minnie Heiges	10,420
Mrs. E. J. Bucher	17,170
Miss Maud C. Mickle	41,670
Miss Verna Orner	14,970

Alice R. Spangler	105,380
Harry McLaughlin	10,360
Miss Martha Moore	22,120

Miss Myrtle Beamer	17,860
Miss Nina Wolford	45,610
Mrs. Frank Weaver	10,430

Mrs. R. W. Sieber	10,720
Earl Myers	5,430
Miss Ethel Sidesinger	22,370
Mrs. Earl Winand	10,640
Miss Laura Delp	11,080

Miss Mary Gladhill	18,230
Miss Virgie Bucher	22,160
Miss Maud B. Reed	22,380

E. J. Altoff	115,280
Miss Alta L. Wintrose	6,480
Miss Ruth Keefer	17,420
Miss Nina Sherman	10,240

Paul J. Lower	70,250
Mrs. Wm. Bittinger	15,370
Miss Maud Ketterman	5,440

Miss Martha Keeny	22,480
Miss Edna Bower	22,150
Dr. J. L. Sheetz	10,270

Miss Sara C. Stahle	149,260
Miss May Henry	5,240
Miss Edith Mickle	10,160

Miss Estella Prosser	24,430
Jess Maud Ernst	22,200
Miss Mollie Albert	18,480
George M. Gardner	17,210

Miss Edna Arendtz	18,240
William Sachs	5,230
Ernest Strickhouser	10,310

Paul Redding	5,480
Herman W. Maring	148,000
Mrs. G. Myers	223,130

Miss Frances Appler	5,060
Miss Ida Snyder	25,000

W. C. Tyson	147,000
Miss Edith Peters	5,270
Walter Dentler	170,260

Phil Bower	18,830
Clyde Plank	18,038
R. T. Little	101,680

Distance Lends Enchantment.	6,380
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It is well to live far away from your relatives so you can brag about them.

—Atchison Globe.

Voting Coupon

Good For 10 Votes

IN THE GETTYSBURG TIMES AND ADAMS COUNTY NEWS SUBSCRIPTION CONTEST

For

Address

District Number

These coupons must be clipped out neatly and brought or sent to Contest Department.

Coupons of this issue not good after November 7th.

Nomination Blank

Good for 5,000 Votes

I Nominate

Address

District Number

As a candidate in the Gettysburg Times and Adams County News Subscription Contest.

Nominated by

Address

Name of person making nomination will not be divulged.

This nomination blank entitles the person so nominated to five thousand (5,000) votes if properly filled out and brought or sent to the Times office. It is further understood that only one nomination blank entitling the nominee to 5,000 votes will be accepted by the Campaign Manager for each candidate nominated.

Fill out the above blank at once and send or bring to the Campaign Department of the Gettysburg Times.

new REDINGOTE and the most popular BASQUE DRESS

Easy to make at Home when Developed by the Use of



Photo by American Press Association.

A. L. ENGLE

Hub :-: Underselling :-: Store

Gettysburg, Pa.

\$1 Excursion to Baltimore

ON NOVEMBER 7TH, 1914,

ON ACCOUNT OF

Gettysburg--Hopkins Game.

First Class Coaches Guaranteed.

Leaves Gettysburg 7:15. Returning leave Hillen Station--Baltimore 11:30.

Get Ready for the Cold Weather

Horse Blankets, Carriage Robes, Automobile Robes.

We Have a Large Assortment in Hand—some Patterns.

We buy direct from the manufacturers and save you the middleman's profit.

Come in and let us show you our line.

We Give "S. & H." GREEN TRADING STAMPS.

GETTYSBURG DEPARTMENT STORE.



S. G. BIGHAM, Biglerville.

November Joe

The Detective of the Woods

By Hesketh Prichard

Copyright, 1913.
By Hesketh Prichard

CHAPTER III.

"Thou shalt break them with a rod of iron."

NO sooner were we away than I put my eager question, "What do you think of it?"

Joe shrugged his shoulders. "Do you know any of these men?"

"All of them."

"How about the fellow who is on bad terms with—"

November seized my arm. A man was approaching through the dusk. As he passed my companion hailed him.

"Hello, Baxter! Didn't know you'd come back. Where you been?"

"Right up on the headwaters."

"Fitz come down with you?"

"No; stayed on the line of traps. Did you want him, November?"

"Yes, but it can wait. See any moose?"

"Nary one; nothing but red deer."

"Good night."

"So long."

"That's tites it," said November. "If he speaks the truth, as I believe he does, it wasn't either of the Guds shot Lyon."

"Why not?"

"Didn't you hear him say they hadn't seen any moose? And I told you that the man that shot Lyon had killed a moose quite recent. That leaves just Miller and Highamson—and it weren't Miller."

"You're sure of that?"

"Stark certain. One reason is that Miller's above six foot, and the man as camped with Lyon wasn't as tall by six inches. Another reason, you heard the storekeeper say how Miller and Lyon wasn't on speaking terms. Yet the man who shot Lyon camped with him—sleep beside him—must 'a talked to him. That weren't Miller."

His clear reasoning rang true.

"Highamson lives alone away up above Lyon's," continued November. "He'll make back home soon."

"Unless he's guilty and has fled the country," I suggested.

"He won't 'a done that. It 'ud be as good as a confession. No, he thinks he's done his work to rights and has nothing to fear. Like as not he's back home now."

The night had become both wild and blustering before we set out for Highamson's hut, and all along the forest path which led to it the sleet and snow of what November called "a real mean night" beat in our faces.

It was black dark or nearly so when

And the Next Instant He and November Were Struggling Together.

at last a building loomed up in front of us, a faint light showing under the door.

"You there, Highamson?" called out November.

As there was no answer, my companion pushed it open, and we entered the small wooden room, where on a single table a lamp burned dimly. He turned it up and looked around. A pack lay on the floor unopened, and a gun leaned up in a corner.

"Just got in," commented November. "Hasn't loosed up his pack yet."

He turned it over. A hatchet was thrust through the wide thongs which bound it. November drew it out.

"Put your thumb along that edge," he said. "Bum? Yes? Yet he drove that old hatchet as deep in the wood as Lyon drove his sharp one. He's a strong man."

As he spoke he was busying himself with the pack, examining its contents with deft fingers. It held little save a few clothes, a little tea and

salt and other fragments of provisions and a Bible. The finding of the last was, I could see, no surprise to November, though the reason why he should have suspected its presence remained hidden from me. But I had begun to realize that much was plain to him which to the ordinary man was invisible.

Having satisfied himself as to every article in the pack, he rapidly replaced them and tied it up as he had found it, when I, glancing out of the small window, saw a light moving low among the trees, to which I called November Joe's attention.

"It's likely Highamson," he said, "coming home with a lantern. Get you into that dark corner."

I did so, while November stood in the shadow at the back of the closed door. From my position I could see the lantern slowly approaching until it flung a gleam of light through the window into the hut. The next moment the door was thrust open, and the heavy breathing of a man became audible.

It happened that at first Highamson saw neither of us, so that the first intimation that he had of our presence was November's "Hello!"

Down crashed the lantern, and its bearer started back with a quick, hoarse gasp.

"Who's there?" he cried. "Who?"

"Them as is sent by Hal Lyon."

Never have I seen words produce so tremendous an effect.

Highamson gave a bellow of fury, and the next instant he and November were struggling together.

I sprang to my companion's aid, and even then it was no easy task for the two of us to master the powerful old man. As we held him down I caught my first sight of his ash gray face. His mouth grinned open, and there was a terrible intention in his staring eyes. But all changed as he recognized his visitor.

"November! November Joe!" cried he. "Get up!" And as Highamson rose to his feet, "Whatever for did you do it?" asked November in his quiet voice. But now its quietness carried a menace.

"Do what? I didn't—I!"—Highamson paused, and there was something unquestionably fine about the old man as he added: "No, I won't lie. It's true I shot Hal Lyon. And what's more if it was to do again I'd do it again. It's the best deed I ever done. Yes, I say that, though I know it's written in the book. Who so sheddeth man's blood, by man shall his blood be shed."

"Why did you do it?" repeated November.

Highamson gave him a look.

"I'll tell you. I did it for my little Janey's sake. He was her husband. See here! I'll tell you why I shot Hal Lyon. Along of the first week of last month I went away back into the woods trapping muskrats. I was gone more'n the month, and the day I come back I went over to see Janey. Hal Lyon weren't there. If he had been I shouldn't never 'a needed to travel so far to get even with him. But that's neither here nor there. He'd gone to his bear traps above Big Tree. But the night before he left he'd got in one of his quarrels with my Janey. Hit her, he did. There was one tooth gone where his—dist fell."

Never have I seen such fury as burned in the old man's eyes as he groaned out the last words.

"Janey, that had the prettiest face for fifty miles around. She tried to hide it from me—she didn't want me to know. But there was her poor face all swole and black and blue and the gap among her white teeth. Bit by bit it all came out. It weren't the first time Lyon 'd took his hands to her, nor the third nor the fourth. There on the spot as I looked at her I made up my mind I'd go after him, and I'd make him promise me, aye, swear to me on the Holy Book, never to lay hand on her again. If he wouldn't swear I'd put him where his hands couldn't reach her. I found him camped away up alongside a backwater near his traps, and I told him I'd seen Janey and that he must swear. He wouldn't. He said he'd learn her to tell on him. He'd smash her in the mouth again. Then he lay down and sleep. I wonder how he weren't afraid of me, but I suppose that was along of me being a quiet, God-fearing chap. Hour by hour I lay awake, and then I got up and pulled a bit of candle I had from my pack, fixed up a candlestick and looked in my Bible for guidance. And the words I lit on were 'Thou shalt break them with a rod of iron.' That was the gun clear enough. Then I blew out the light, and I think I sleep, for I dreamed."

"Next morning Lyon was up early. He had two or three green skins that he'd took off the day before, and he said he was going straight home to smother Janey. I lay there, and I said nothing; black nor white. His judgment was set. I knew he couldn't make all the distance in one day, and I was pretty sure he'd camp at Big Tree. I arrived there just after him, as I can't travel faster by canoe than him walking, and so kept near him all day. It was high sunset, and I bent down under the bunk so he couldn't see me. He went into the old shack. I called out his name. I heard him cursing at my voice, and when he showed his face I shot him dead. I never landed; I never left no tracks. I thought I was safe, sure. You've took me; yet only for Janey's sake I wouldn't care. I did right, but she won't like me to say her father's a murderer. That's all."

November sat on the edge of the table. His handsome face was grave. Nothing more was said for a good while. Then Highamson stood up.

"I'm ready, November, but you'll let me see Janey again before you give me over to the police."

November looked him in the eyes.

"Expect you'll see a good deal of Janey yet. She'll be lonesome over there now that her brute husband's gone. She'll want you to live with her," he said.

"Dye mean?"

November nodded. "If the police can catch you for yourselves, let 'em, and you'd lessen the chance of that a wonderful deal if you was to burn them moose shank moccasins you're wearing. When did you kin your moose?"

"Tuesday's a week. And my moccasins was wore out, so I fixed 'em up woods fashion."

"I know. The hair on 'em is slipping. I found some of it in your tracks in the camp, away above Big Tree. That's how I knew you'd killed a moose. I found your candlestick too. Here it is." He took from his pocket the little piece of spruce stick, which had puzzled me so much, and turned toward me.

"This end's sharp to stick into the earth; that end's slit, and you fix the candle in with a bit o' birch bark. Now it can go into the stove along o' the moccasins." He opened the stove door and thrust in the articles.

"Only three know your secret, Highamson, and if I was you I wouldn't make it four, not even by adding a woman to it."

Highamson held out his hand.

"You always was a white man, Nov," said he.

Hours later, as we sat drinking a final cup of tea at the campfire, I said: "After you examined Lyon's upper camp you told me seven things about the murderer. You've explained how you knew them, all but three."

"What are the three?"

"First, how did you know that Highamson had been a long time in the woods without visiting a settlement?"

"His moccasins was wore out and patched with raw moose hide. The tracks of them was plain," replied November.

I nodded. "And how could you tell that he was religious and spent the night in great trouble of mind?"

November paused in filling his pipe. "He couldn't sleep," said he, "and so he got up and cut that candlestick. What'd he want to light a candle for but to read by? And why should he want to read in the middle of the night if he was not in trouble? And if he was in trouble, what book would he want to read? Besides, not one trapper in a hundred carries any book but the Bible."

"I see. But how did you know it was in the middle of the night?"

"Did you notice where he cut his candlestick?"

"No," said I.

"I did, and he made two false cuts where his knife slipped in the dark. You're wonderful at questions."

"And you at answers."

November stirred the embers under the kettle, and the firelight lit up his fine face as he turned with a yawn.

"My," said he, "but I'm glad Highamson had his reasons. I'd 'a hated to think of that old man shut in where he couldn't see the sun rise. Wouldn't you?"

(Continued Tomorrow)

ONE VIEW OF BISMARCK.

His Love of Music and His Dislike of Wagner as a Man.

Talking of the arts Bismarck said: "Of music I am very fond, but now I have to abstain from hearing it because tears come only too readily into my eyes. My heart is stronger than my head. Indeed, what self control I have has been bought by experience." Many instances occurred during our conversations which gave the truth to this assertion.

The extreme mobility of his countenance and the various shades of expression which passed over it told of a sensitive, emotional temperament. "But I have a fire within me still which burns at times with fury." Upon that I asked, "Are you in reality the iron chancellor?" "No," he said, "not naturally; the iron I have created to use when necessary." And that I believe to be true.

I asked him if he knew Wagner personally. "Yes," he answered, "but it was quite impossible for me to care for him or to encourage his society. I had not time to submit to his insatiable vanity. Before breakfast, at breakfast, before and after dinner, Wagner demanded sympathy and admiration. His egotism was wearisome and intolerable, and his demand for a listener was so incessant that I was obliged to avoid his company. I was too busy with my affairs to be able to give him all or even a portion of the demands he would have claimed upon my time. But I admire his music greatly, though I have been compelled to give up going to the opera because the beautiful and touching melodies I cannot get out of my head; they cling to me, and I find it difficult to release myself from them, and now it tires me to be so much moved."—From "Conversations With Prince Bismarck," by W. R. Richmond, the English painter, in North American Review.

Wind Pressure.
A wind traveling at the rate of three miles an hour presses with a weight of about three-quarters of an ounce upon every square foot of surface which stands in its way. A wind of eighteen miles an hour gives a pressure of one pound and a quarter to each square foot, a wind of thirty-five miles an hour gives a pressure of six pounds on the square foot, a gale of fifty miles an hour thirteen pounds, a storm of seventy-five miles twenty-eight pounds, and a hurricane of ninety miles forty pounds on the square foot.

A Loyal Gardener.
"That garden you took so much pride in ran to weeds, didn't it?" rejoiced the envious acquaintance. "Well, you may call them weeds if you like, but I'll bet some of those tall, luxuriant plants have rare and powerful medicinal properties if science were only far enough advanced to appreciate them."

LEAD THE BOER REVOLT.

De Wet and Beyers Prominent Figures In South Africa's Recent History.

General Christian de Wet, leader of the new revolt of Boers in South Africa against British rule, was one of the greatest leaders of the Boer war as commander in chief of the Orange Free State forces and the assistant of General Cronje in the taking of Ladysmith, after which he was placed in full command.

In the latter days of the war he caused the British army much embarrassment because of the tactics by which he made vain for a long time the pursuit of his remnant of an army by fully twenty British columns. At the Vereeniging peace conference he was one of the signatories, and in the union government that followed he accepted the office of minister of agriculture.

Brigadier General Christian Frederik Beyers has been as openly bitter in the present matter as General de Wet. He made a demonstration of his opposition to the British plan for conquering German Southwest Africa by resigning his office as commandant of the forces of defense last September and in his letter to General Smuts, minister of defense of the South African Union, wrote that he could not be convinced of the righteousness of a war against Germany.

General Beyers was chairman of the Vereeniging peace conference, when the Boers swore allegiance to Great Britain.

His Original Sin.

An Indian who was a candidate for the ministry and was asked before the presbytery the important question, "What is original sin?" answered that he didn't know what other people's might be, but he rather thought that his was laziness. There are many who could truthfully give the same reply regarding religious activities.—The Christian Herald.

Record Swims.

Capt. Alfred Browne, commodore of the Flushing Bay division of the American Life-Saving society, swam from the battery to Sandy Hook, 22 miles, in 13 hours and 38 minutes. This was done on August 28, 1913. On September 14 Samuel Richards of Boston swam the same distance in 8 hours and 12 minutes. Many previous attempts had been made, but proved to be failures on account of the strength of the tides.—New York Times.

Uncle Eben.

"You can allus judge by facial expressions," said Uncle Eben. "An oyster dat's jes' been opened mus' be mis'able, an' yet it looks like it's laughin'."

Easy & Practical Home Dress Making Lessons

Prepared Especially For This Newspaper by Pictorial Review

AN ACCEPTABLE FROCK.

vest arrangement of silk and lace, surmounted by shaped bands of the dress material.

Certainly this dress has everything that can be desired in the way of simplicity, yet it is exceedingly smart. There are pleats at either side to give the skirt the necessary flare, and the sleeves have the drooping effect that is essential. Crepe, ratine or voile would make up effectively after this model. The novel arrangement of the vest calls for the use of the dress material, pipings of silk and bands of lace edging. To make the dress requires 5½ yards of 36-inch material, with 1 yard of 4 inch ribbon for piping and 1½ yard of lace for the vest.

The goods is laid open; then the various parts of the pattern are placed upon it. For V-shaped neck cut out neck edge of vest ¼ of an inch above small "o" perforation.

The skirt is exceedingly simple to make, since there are no aggravating folds or complicated drapings. For the waist, first turn the hem in the vest, leaving an extended edge for the piping to be stitched over. Adjust revers on vest, notches and single large "o" perforations even. Turn under front edge of front on slit perforations, lap on vest to small "o" perforations. Notches even and stitch. Sew sleeve to armhole edge as notched. Close underarm and sleeve seams as notched, close center-back seam. Close cuff seam as notched, sew to short sleeve, double "o" perforations and seams even. Gather lower edge of waist between double "T" perforations; sew stay to lower edge, centers even, small "o" perforation at under-arm seam. Sew round collar to neck edge, center-backs even and underneath folded edge of front. Sew standing collar to neck edge as notched.

Youthful wearers may give an extra bit of dash to this frock by wearing one of the very fashionable deep girldies wound about the figure in oriental effect.

A suggestion for development in crepe, ratine or voile, showing a unique effect.

CUTTING GUIDE 5722



MATERIAL OPEN, 36 INCHES WIDE WITHOUT NAP. Patented April 30, 1907.

Pictorial Review pattern, No. 5722. Sizes 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches waist. Price, 15 cents.

Embroidery design, No. 11399. Transfer pattern, 10 cents.

The KITCHEN CUPBOARD

FOR LOVERS OF CHEESE.

CHEESE is considered by many to be indigestible; hence it is not frequently introduced into the menu. It may not be so easy of digestion as some foods, but its digestibility is increased by cooking.

Weight for weight, cheese contains twice as much nutriment as beef.

Excellent Luncheon Dishes.

Cheese Fritters.—Take one-fourth pound of cheese, two tablespoonsful of breadcrumbs, one ounce of butter, one yolk of an egg, one teaspoonful of batter and seasonings. Grate the cheese and mix it well with the bread crumbs, butter and yolk of egg. Add the salt and pepper and shape the mixture. Coat these in thick batter and fry in deep fat until golden brown.

Cheese Patties.—Take crusts of bread, two ounces of grated cheese, one tablespoonful of milk, one ounce of butter and salt and pepper. Prepare the crusts by cutting some thick slices of bread. Cut these into rounds and hollow out the center. Dip them in melted butter or good dripping and bake in the oven until a pale yellow color. Fill the centers with the mixture of cheese, butter and milk, well seasoned, and replace in the oven until the cheese is melted. Serve hot with sprigs of parsley.

Combined With Macaroni.

Macaroni Cheese.—Take one-fourth pound of macaroni or spaghetti, one-fourth pound of cheese, grated; one-half pint of milk, one ounce of butter, one ounce of egg, salt and pepper and toast. Boil the macaroni in salted water for fifteen minutes. Make some white sauce with the milk, flour, butter and seasonings. Add the macaroni to the sauce; also half the grated cheese and the egg. Place this in a buttered pie dish and add the rest of the cheese on top. Bake in a moderate oven until brown. Serve with toast.

Cheese Puff.—Take one-fourth pound of cheese, two tablespoonsful of breadcrumbs, one-half pint of milk, two eggs, salt and pepper and one ounce of butter. Heat the milk in a saucepan. Add the butter and breadcrumbs. Add the cheese, stir until it is melted, cool slightly and add the yolks of the eggs and seasonings. Whip the whites stiffly and stir these into the mixture. Turn this into a greased pie dish and bake in a quick oven until the whole mixture puffs up and is a pretty golden brown. Serve immediately.

Anna Thompson.

Medical Advertising

Nose Clogged Up From Cold or Catarrh Open At Once

Instantly Clears Air Passages; You Breathe Freely, Nasty Discharges Stop, Head Colds and Dull Headache Vanish.

End such misery now! Get the small bottle of "Ely's Cream Balm" at any drug store. This sweet, fragrant balm Get a small bottle anyway, just to try it—Apply a little in the nostrils and instantly your clogged nose and stopped-up air passages of the head will open; you will breathe freely; dullness and headache disappear. By morning! the catarrh, cold-in-head or catarrhal sore throat will be gone.

dissolves by the heat of the nostrils; penetrates and heals the inflamed, swollen membrane which lines the nose, head and throat; clears the air passages; stops nasty discharges and a feeling of cleansing, soothing relief comes immediately.

Don't lay awake to-night struggling for breath, with head stuffed; nostrils closed, hawking and blowing. Catarrh or a cold, with its running nose, foul mucous dripping into the throat, and raw dryness is distressing but truly needless.

Put your faith—just once—in "Ely's Cream Balm" and your cold or catarrh will surely disappear.

THE HOTEL FOR WOMEN. MARTHA WASHINGTON

EAST 29TH STREET.

Near Madison Ave., Two Blocks from Broadway NEW YORK CITY

A modern high class fireproof hotel, situated in the most desirable residential section in New York, convenient to the leading department stores, theatre, &c.

Here is a hotel where the ladies can come to New York and find excellent accommodations.

\$1.50 per day and up.

It is the only hotel catering to women exclusively. It has every modern improvement. All rooms are very large and the service at this famous hotel is known the World over.

Special rates for long terms. BOOKLET ON APPLICATION

FOR SALE

2 Domestic Engines 3 and 6 H. P. only in use a few months, bargain. Also new Engines and Washing Machines.

W. M. CONOVER

Cabinet and Machine Shop MIDDLE AND STRATTON STREET UNITED PHONE.

FOR SALE

Six Slot Machines

Consisting of—

Gripping, Pulling, Weighing and Blowing

You can make good interest on the money invested in these machines as the party is going out of business.

I will sell these machines at a sacrifice if sold within the next 15 days. Write or call on

Robert H. Gitt,

York Springs, Pa.

Mules! Mules!

...ON...

Wednesday, Nov. 4

Will receive at the WABASH HOTEL STABLE GETTYSBURG

ONE CARLOAD OF FIRST CHOICE KY. MULES

Come and See Them H. A. Myers

DR. M. T. DILL, DENTIST BIGLERVILLE, PA.

Will be at York Springs Wednesday of Each Week Bendersville Friday of Each Week

Make Him Sweat.

At the bedside of a patient who was a noted humorist five doctors were in consultation as to the best means to produce perspiration. The sick man overheard the discussion and, after listening for a few moments, he turned his head toward the group and whispered with a dry chuckle: "Just send in your bill, gentlemen, that will bring it on at once."

Was in the Distance.

Baby has a vivid imagination and sees all sorts of things on a postal whether they are there or not. One day he was looking at a postal and naming different things on it. "O, see the boat, the big boat!" said baby. His brother, Leroy, aged four, seized the card and eagerly looked for the boat. "Where is the boat, baby?" he said impatiently. "I can't see it." "Well," said baby, "can't you wait till it comes?"—Exchange.

PUBLIC SALE

ON THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 5TH.

The undersigned will sell at public sale at his farm in Highland township, 4 miles west of Gettysburg, better known as the Kepner woolen mill, the following personal property:

2 HEAD OF HORSES, 1 bay mare coming 4 years old, work wherever hitched, except in the lead, and plenty of speed, bred from Standard Prince, fearless of all road objects; 1 sorrel horse coming 5 years old, work wherever hitched, except in lead and a fine driver, fearless of all road objects.

7 HEAD OF CATTLE consisting of 5 milk cows, 3 Durham cows will be fresh in February, carrying their second calves, 2 cows spotted and the other a black cow will be fresh in March carrying their third calves. 1 Durham bull will weigh about 700 pounds, 1 heifer about 4 months old.

4 Indian runner ducks, 1 Geiser threshing rig, 12 horse power engine, twenty four inch cylinder, thrasher good as new with side drag; a Geiser clover huller, No. 3, good as new, only run two weeks, water tank will hold 4 barrel, falling top buggy, set of iron wheels for a wagon, 3 circular saws, 1 No. 8 Steward sheep clipper, 2 new 5 gallon milk cans.

Many other articles not mentioned. Sale to begin at 1 o'clock. A credit of ten months. 5 per cent off for cash.

H. V. KEPNER AND SON.

Ira Taylor, Auct.

Also at the same time and place will sell 5 milk cows, 2 will be fresh by time of sale, the other three in January and February. On the same conditions as above.

J. D. FORREST.

PUBLIC SALE

ON SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 14.

The undersigned having rented his farm will sell at public sale at his farm 1 mile North of Bendersville, the following described personal property:

STOCK: 1 bay mare 9 years old, work wherever hitched. A fine driver and fearless of all road objects, bay mare 12 years old, with foal, work wherever hitched and fearless of all road objects; bay mare colt, 7 months old, Jersey cow will have her 4th calf by her side at time of sale. She is an extra fine milker and very gentle. Four hogs will weigh about 200 lbs. each, 150 pure bred White Leghorns, Barred Rocks, and Blue Andalusians.

Farming Implements: 16 spring tooth harrow, new; Superior corn planter, new; 2-horse Oliver Chilled plow; single shovel plow, corn plow, spring wagon, falling top buggy, single and double trees, middle rings, butt and breast chains, dung fork, 2 pitch forks, grain scoop, shovel, 2 axes, bushel basket, ½ peck measure, ¼ peck measure, set Yankee harness, set front gears, set buggy harness, 2 leather collars, bridles, lead rein and plow line Lot of corn and potatoes by the bushel.

Household Goods: 1 iron bed, child's single iron bed and mattress, bed spring, mattress, oak dresser, oak wash stand, refrigerator, office desk, couch, extension table, 3 stands, set dining room chairs, leather seats; 2 rocking chairs, leather seats; kitchen cabinet, 5 gallon oil can, mail box, bath cabinet, oil heater, ice cream freezer, new 3 gallon churn, child's express wagon, porch swing,

THE ALLIES ARE FORGING AHEAD

They Are Within Four Miles of Ostend.

ADMIT LOSS OF VILLAGE

But Claim Progress at All Other Points—Germans Assert They Have Best of Fighting.

London, Nov. 3.—[Dispatches to the Daily Mail from various correspondents at different points in the field of operations in northern France report the continuous success of the allies, who have reached within four miles of Ostend, namely Leflinghe.

The German attack, it is stated, is mainly in the direction of Leflinghe and Sype. Three thousand Germans left Ostend for Zeebrugge on Friday and reports persist that the Germans have left Ostend.

A Reuter dispatch from an unnamed point on the Belgian frontier says that firing was heard throughout the night from the vicinity of Thourout and Lichtervelde, in Belgium. If fighting was in progress at these points, it would appear that the Germans have been compelled to retreat a considerable distance east of Dixmunde.

It is stated that the allies have intercepted a message from Emperor William to the Duke of Wurtemberg, telling him it is absolutely imperative to capture Ypres before Nov. 1, otherwise it will be necessary for the Germans to withdraw behind the Rhine.

The skillful General von Meyer was killed at Dixmunde on Friday.

A Reuter dispatch from Amsterdam says a report received there from Flushing declares heavy gun firing was heard all day Sunday near the Dutch frontier. The dispatch adds that it is reported also the allies have occupied Marlaekerke, on the sea southwest of Ostend.

The correspondent of the Times in northern France, telegraphing under date of Sunday says that the allies are daily creeping on toward Ostend, which is now hardly occupied at all in a military sense. The number of Germans holding it is so negligible, he says, that if the allies achieve a definite victory in the fight for the river, Ostend will fall unresistingly into their hands.

The correspondent of the Times in northern France telegraphs that the allies have penetrated to the north and east of Lille which, he says, "certainly has been evacuated by the Germans and there is good reason to believe that it has been occupied by the allies."

A Rotterdam dispatch says: "Advices received from Belgian coast towns state that the exchange of military fire by the Germans and the warships has wrecked most of these towns. Westende, Westkerke and Middelerke are all in ruins."

The correspondent of the Times in northern France telegraphs, under date of Sunday, that a report has reached him that as the result of the blowing up of a railway bridge by a Belgian cyclist corps a very large German corps was cut off from the main army and to the number of many thousands have surrendered.

The following are the official bulletins:

FRENCH.

"On our left wing the German offensive movement continued with the same violence in Belgium and in the north of France, particularly between Dixmunde and the Lys. In this region in spite of attacks and counter attacks on the part of the Germans, we made slight progress on almost the entire front, excepting at the village of Messines, a part of which was again lost by the allied troops.

"The enemy undertook an important movement against the suburbs of Arras. This resulted in failure, as did other movements against Lihons and Lequesnoy-en-Santerre.

"On the center, in the region of the Aisne, we made slight progress in the direction of Tracy-le-Val, to the north of the forest of Aigue, as well as at certain points on the right bank of the Aisne, between this forest and Soissons.

"At Amont-de-Vailly an attack directed against those of our troops who are in possession of the heights on the right bank of the Aisne also resulted in failure. The same outcome attended several night attacks delivered in the heights of the highway Des Dames.

"In the region of Rheims, between the Argonne and the Meuse there was noticed a recrudescence of activity on the part of the enemy's heavy artillery. The bombardment of these places, however, did not show any appreciable result.

"On our right wing an offensive movement of reconnaissance by the enemy on Nomeny was repulsed.

"In the Vosges, in addition to the fact that we have recaptured the heights which dominate Mount Sainte Marie, we have made progress in the region of Ban de Sapt, where we occupy the positions from which the artillery of the enemy has been bombarding the town of St. Die."

GERMAN.

"The progress of the fighting on the front in the north of France is regarded as highly favorable. The report given out Sunday, with its news

Kaiser's Son Who Suffered Heart Attack on Battlefield.



that the French had been thrown back across the Aisne at a point near Soissons, and that the operations already had been extended to the west front of Verdun, is regarded as the most favorable issued for some time past.

"Letters from the front reaching Berlin describe the fighting between Neuport and Ypres as probably the fiercest of the whole war. The Germans forced their way southward by repeated night attacks. The toll of death was great on both sides."

Petrograd Reports Advance Along Entire Front.

Petrograd, Nov. 3.—[An official statement by the general staff indicates that the Russians pursuing the Germans in central Poland have advanced westward to within sixty-five miles of the Silesian frontier.

In southern Poland a Russian army has driven the Austrians down the left bank of the Vistula until within a short distance of the Galician frontier. In East Prussia a Russian army has advanced after repulsing German attacks and inflicting very heavy losses. The text of the statement follows:

"On the East Prussian frontier our troops have progressed in the region of Vladislavoff, in the forest of Romintene. The attacks made by the Germans in the Bakalarjevo region have ceased, owing to the terrible losses sustained by the enemy.

"West of the river Vistula we are advancing victoriously along the entire front. We have occupied Petrokow (sixty-five miles west of the German frontier), Opotchna (southeast of Prokrow) and Ozarow (on the lower Vistula).

"A detachment of the enemy which descended from the Carpathians near Nadvorna was attacked and driven off."

When it became evident that the campaign was lost on the Vistula front the Germans on the East Prussian border made continued and most persistent attempts to break the defense of the Russians there, either in the hope of coming to the rescue of the retreating troops by covering their left flank or to cause a diversion of the Russian forces. The fighting there has been obstinate to a degree exceeding anything yet experienced, but the Germans have entirely failed to make an impression on the Russian defense.

British Release Platania.

Washington, Nov. 3.—The American oil tanker Platania has been released. The steamer was held up by British authorities on her way from New York to Copenhagen because it was feared that her cargo of fuel was intended for ultimate use by the Germans. She was held at a Scotch port.

Levy on Brussels \$9,000,000.

Amsterdam, Nov. 3.—A telegram received here from Berlin announces that after protracted negotiations the war indemnity to the Germans from the city of Brussels has been fixed at \$5,000,000 francs (\$9,000,000), payable \$2,500,000 francs (\$4,500,000) weekly.

SOWING WINTER WHEAT.

If all the wheat lands were exactly adapted to wheat and were rich enough to force the plant's growth after it came up we could still sow late enough to avoid the Hessian fly and then have time enough for the wheat to get a real start before winter came. A liberal application of manure will help greatly in bringing about a strong growth in the fall, and commercial fertilizers are valuable for the same purpose. Careful preparation of the seed bed is also a big help in getting an early and strong growth.

Bolled down, the problem is to get a good growth of the wheat after the fly danger is over and before really bad weather comes. In those exceptional years when the ground begins freezing very early all the planning and scheming we may do will help but little. But given the average sort of a year the sowing may be pretty well delayed, and if the ground is rich or well fertilized a growth strong enough to resist winter killing may be forced before freezing puts an end to things till spring.—Farm Progress.

FALL PLOWING A SAVING.

Thousands of Dollars Can Be Saved by Destroying White Grubs.

"If farmers will plow, as soon as possible, the fields upon which they intend to raise next year corn or other crops, which are grown in hills, they very likely will save thousands of dollars."

This is the appeal which James G. Sanders, entomologist for the University of Wisconsin agricultural experiment station, is making to the farmers of the state.

The saving will come from the destruction of millions of white grubs, the worm stage of the June beetle, which are now in the ground and which, unless killed, will do untold damage to young crops next spring.

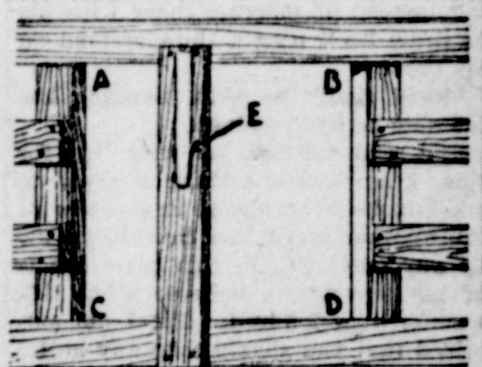
Mr. Sanders predicts that, unless control measures are soon adopted, the loss by these pests next season will be exceedingly heavy.

"As June beetles these pests," says Mr. Sanders, "do but very little harm, but next spring, as full grown grubs, they will be capable of doing untold damage, feeding almost entirely on living roots, preferably corn, timothy, potatoes and strawberries."

While fall plowing and deep disking are of great value in destroying the grubs, Mr. Sanders does not recommend them as entirely satisfactory means of eradicating these pests. In addition to this precaution, farmers should carefully plan their rotation for next year so as to plant only those crops which are least susceptible to the grubs, such as small grains, clover, vetch, etc., on land that was covered with heavy vegetation last spring.

Good Way to Sort Hogs.

Nearly every farmer has difficulty in sorting a bunch of uneven hogs for market, writes W. B. Ellsworth in the Farm and Fireside, and I have had my own troubles in this line. Last year I hit on a plan by which my hogs sort themselves. I have cut out as



small a number as eight out of fifty-six, with no trouble at all, in the following way:

Make a hole (A, B, C, D) in the fence of the sorting yard large enough for the largest hog to go through. Then take a board, E, and nail it on up and down as shown in the sketch. You may have to experiment a little to get it just right, but in the end your smaller hogs will all go out and you will find all your large hogs left in the pen. The next time you will know just the right size to make the opening.

A Lapse of Memory.

The minister, who was a reformed policeman, said to the bridegroom, who stood trembling, with his pallbearer gloves on:

"Do you, Algernon Smith, take this young woman to be your lawful wedded wife in sickness and in health, for better or for worse, till death do you part? Remember, anything you say will be used against you."—Chicago Post.

YOUNG FOLKS' CORNER

The Game of Hatball.

Each player puts his hat on the ground so that all hats will form a circle. He then stations himself about twelve feet from his hat, and thus the players form another circle. A tennis ball or a handkerchief tied around a stone—not a heavy one—is then thrown by one of the players. He aims for anybody's hat. If he misses a small stick or stone is put in his hat, and he must try again. If he misses three times he must run the gamut in any way agreed upon—that is, he may run between two lines of players and be properly "spanked" or made to crawl between the legs of all players standing in a row. If he lands the ball in some other player's hat that player must rush to his hat, and when he has his hand on the ball he must say "Stop!" All the other players, who dash away the minute the ball lights in a hat, must stop running when they hear the order to stop. The boy with the ball can then try to hit any other boy. If he hits the one he aims at a "forfeit" is placed in that boy's hat; if he misses a similar forfeit is placed in his own. Every boy must keep his feet in one position, but he may dodge with his body as much as he likes. Whenever a boy gets three forfeits in his hat he must run the gamut. This game is very popular in Scandinavia.—Boy's Life.

The Flying Squirrel.

The flying squirrel takes the first step toward aviation of the mammals, its membrane, stretching between the fore and hind legs, and its densely furred and flat tail enable it to soar for quite a distance, although it is incapable of sustained flight and must alight below its starting point. Starting from fifty feet up in a tree it will easily cover over 100 feet, steering its way in and out among intervening branches just like a bird and alighting with perfect ease.

The flying squirrel is nocturnal and spends the day in sleep in some hollow tree or old woodpecker's nest. In the winter as many as nine will roll up together in one hole, although they are active all winter during the night time, their fur being full and a perfect protection.

The squirrels may often be seen in the daytime by merely rapping on the tree in which they sleep, when they will pop their heads out to look.

Their food consists of nuts, barks, buds, fruit, seeds, insects, etc.

On the ground they are not as active as the red squirrel or chipmunk and are poor swimmers.

They have many enemies, owls, foxes, minks and weasels being among the number, yet they seem to thrive and are common.

Pretty Old Bread.

A loaf of bread 4,500 years old has been found in the tomb of King Mentuhotep, who died in Egypt 2500 B. C. It is now in the Royal museum of Berlin and ought to be shown to all boys who object to bread that is not fresh from the baker's. This loaf of bread is dark brown in color, and inside are many large holes. Probably this part of the bread long since fell into dust, but much of the bread still remains in the shape of whole kernels and pieces of grain. This particular loaf was made of barley and shows that the grains were only rudely crushed and not sifted. Judging from this bread, the kings of Egypt had pretty poor eating, and what kind of food the common people subsisted on is hard to imagine. The common laborer of today would raise a riot if he had to put up with the privations and discomforts of the nobility of ancient times.

Old Songs in Anagram.

Example: No. 1 is "Home, Sweet Home."

1. He hoe me most we.
 2. Den look but cake.
 3. He lot my monkey duck.
 4. Job leak cold.
 5. Lo do need a key.
 6. G son I been very nice hot meal.
 7. Roof me mules stars.
- Answers: 1. "Home, Sweet Home." 2. "Old Oaken Bucket." 3. "My Old Kentucky Home." 4. "Old Black Joe." 5. "Yankee Doodle." 6. "My Bonnie Lies Over the Ocean." 7. "Last Rose of Summer."

Girl Scouts Adopt Baby.

A troop of girl scouts of Washington recently visited the foundling asylum and adopted a wee baby, for whose clothing and necessities they will provide. The little garments are to be made at the scout meetings, and money for the baby's expenses is to be earned by the troop.

Campfire Girls.

There are over 60,000 campfire girls enrolled in this country, and they are led by 4,600 active guardians.

Medical Advertising Rheumatism Soon Becomes Chronic

The Result of Tired Kidneys Failing to Expel Poisonous Waste Matter.

Tired, overworked, kidneys allow poisonous uric acid to remain in the blood instead of expelling it from the system. That is the cause of chronic rheumatism. The disease gets into some joint or group of muscles and settles there and only strenuous treatment will dislodge it.

Rheuma softens the uric acid crystals lodged in the joints and muscles, causing the terrible pains, and passes them out of the system through the kidneys and bowels.

All the blood in the body passes through the kidneys once every three minutes. Unless it is pure the organs become diseased. Rheuma purifies the blood and the kidneys then regain their natural activity.

People's Drug Store and all druggists sell Rheuma at a price so inexpensive that it is folly to be without it.

Time's Regret.

Time brings only one regret—that we had not more joy in the things that were, more belief, more patience, more love, more knowledge of the way things worked out, more willingness to help toward the final result.—Jennie June.

Whale Among Fishing Boats.

A large whale struck the fishing boat Jane recently, while it was engaged in herring fishing five miles off Girvan, Scotland. The boat was undamaged, but the incident caused considerable alarm among the crew. The S. S. Ailsa, lying between Girvan and Ailsa Craig, narrowly escaped having its propeller fouled by one of three whales which were in the vicinity.

Soft Fluffy Hair Is First Aid To Beauty

If your hair is not fluffy, soft and lustrous, is falling out, streaked, faded, brittle, or full of dandruff, and if the scalp itches, do not think it must always be that way, for pretty hair is only a matter of care and the use of the proper hair dressing. Your hair is like a plant—if neglected it soon dies, while with a little attention it keeps fresh and beautiful.

Parisian Sage is a scientific preparation that supplies just the elements needed to invigorate the hair roots and stimulate your hair to grow long, thick, fluffy, soft and lustrous. It removes all dandruff with one application and quickly stops itching, itching and falling hair. It is the ideal hair tonic and scalp treatment—contains nothing injurious and is delicately perfumed.

The People's Drug Store or any druggist, can supply you with Parisian Sage—it is inexpensive. You can not be disappointed with this delightful and helpful toilet necessity, for it will surely give your hair the beauty and charm of youth.

GETTYSBURG MARKETS

Prices at the Gettysburg warehouse corrected daily by C. Milton Wolf, Jr. Successor to J. Geo. Wolf's Sons Co.

	Per Bu.
Wheat	\$1.02
New Ear Corn	.60
Rye	.70
New Oats	.45

RETAIL PRICES

	Per 100
Handed Dairy Feed	\$1.35
Hard Packed Bran	1.50
Course Spring Bran	1.40
Corn and Oats Chop	1.60
Shomaker Stock Food	1.60
Cotton Seed Meal	1.60
Cotton Seed Meal per ton	\$31.00
White Middlings	1.75
Red Middlings	1.65
Rye Chop	1.70
Timothy Hay	.90
Baled Straw	.60
Plaster	\$7.50 per ton
Cement	\$1.40 per bbl
Flour	5.20
Western Flour	7.00
Wheat	1.13
New Ear Corn	.70
Shelled Corn	1.00
Old Ear Corn	1.00
Western Oats	.60

I Will be in GETTYSBURG Every TUESDAY.

At Pen. Myers' Jewelry Store To Examine Eyes and Fit Glasses. W. H. DINKLE Graduate of Optics

NO TRESPASSING.

All persons are warned not to trespass on the premises of the undersigned with dog, gun or trap for the purpose of taking game in any manner; or for fishing, or in any way injuring or destroying property. All persons violating the laws of the Commonwealth with regard to trespassing on lands of the undersigned will be dealt with under the provisions of the Act of April 14, 1905.

Jacob L. Toot, Straban township.
D. A. Fidler, Butler township, R. 1, Biglerville.
John Fidler, Butler township, R. 1, Biglerville.
C. P. and M. W. Bigham, Freedom and Liberty townships.
D. S. Coleman, (Samuel Nace tenant) Straban township.
F. L. Kime, Biglerville, Pa.
W. A. Bigham, Cumberland township, R. 3, Gettysburg.
Harvey Scott, Cumberland township.
Mrs. Matilda L. Codori, Cumberland township.
Waybright Rice, Biglerville, Pa.
William H. Johns, Cumberland township and Gettysburg.
D. B. Wineman, Cumberland township, R. 2, Gettysburg.
Leo Frommeyer, R. 10, Gettysburg, Pa.
W. S. Spangler, Freedom township, R. 4, Gettysburg.
J. W. Cook, Flora Dale, Pa.
W. T. Mehrling, R. 4, Gettysburg, Cumberland township.
Louis Mizell, Straban township, R. 7, Gettysburg.
Jacob F. Peters, Biglerville, Pa. Tyrone township.
Mrs. J. E. Hughes, Cumberland township.
Mrs. Andrew Brough, R. 1, Aspers, Menallen township.
E. N. Hoffman, R. 2, Biglerville, Pa.
William Coshun, R. 9 Gettysburg Straban township.
O. B. Sharretts, R. 2, Gettysburg Cumberland township.
Robert A. Horner, R. 3 Gettysburg, Cumberland township.
Leo Tipton, R. 1 Fairfield, Highland township.
Gilbert Rudisill, R. 1 Gettysburg, Pa.
Curtis Herring, Highland township.
F. B. Twisden, Gettysburg Poultry Farm, R. 2, Gettysburg, Pa.
Charles E. Schultz (J. L. Butt Farm) R. 1, Orrtanna, Pa.
Reuben Kepner, R. 1, Virginia Mills, Hamilton twp. (Copper Co. Farm)
Elias Wolford, Mt. Pleasant township, R. 8, Gettysburg, Pa.
D. L. Jacobs, Butler township, R. 1, Biglerville.
Joseph B. Twining, Straban and Cumberland townships.
Milton Lady, R. 6 Gettysburg, Butler Twp. (Mrs. E. Bucher Farm).
L. E. Hershey, Seven Stars.
J. L. Bigham, R. 4, Gettysburg, Pa., Freedom township.
Frank Eckert, Butler township, Table Rock, Pa.
Charles Essick and sisters, Butler township, R. 5, Gettysburg, Pa.
J. H. Rex, R. 2, Biglerville, Pa., Menallen township.
George D. Thomas, R. 5, Gettysburg, Cumberland township.
Mervin Topper (John McIlhenny farm) R. 7, Gettysburg, Straban Twp.
D. W. Stoops, Highland township, R. 4, Gettysburg.
W. W. Scott, Freedom Township, R. 3, Gettysburg.
Jacob W. Groscoft, R. 7, Gettysburg, Tyrone township.
A. S. Whistler, Mt. Pleasant Township, R. 10 Gettysburg.
B. Shank, Straban township, Route 7, Gettysburg, Pa.
Charles F. Rebert, Franklin township, Seven Stars.
Deardorf Brothers, Franklin township.
John and Frank Garretson, Menallen township, R. 1, Aspers.
Eli P. Garretson, Butler township, R. 1, Biglerville.
George Wagner, Table Rock, Pa.
John C. Derr (McPherson Farm) Cumberland Twp. R. 4, Gettysburg.
A. H. Lohr, Franklin township, Seven Stars, Pa.
Wm. A. Smith, Menallen township, R. 2, Aspers, Pa.
C. A. Sterner, Tyrone township, Idaville, Pa.
Kathysine Springs Company, Cumberland township.
L. H. Meals, Cumberland township.
Garfield Jacobs, R. 13, Gettysburg, Pa.
David Tipton, Straban township, R. 7, Gettysburg.
John H. Brown, Cumberland township, R. 5, Gettysburg.
David F. Batterman, Butler township.
Rev. Albert Hollinger, Cumberland township.
Walter C. Snyder (Baily Farm) Cumberland township, R. 12, Gbg.
Mark C. Pepple, Franklin township, R. 1, Orrtanna, Pa.
Samuel Robinson R. 2, Gettysburg, Cumberland township.
R. F. Biddle, R. 8, Gettysburg, Pa., Mt. Pleasant township.
H. C. Warren, Biglerville, Pa.
W. F. Herbst, R. 1, Orrtanna, Pa., Highland township.
Josephine Smith, R. 8, Gettysburg, Pa.
S. J. Haverstick, R. 8, Gettysburg, Straban township.
Jacob and John Sharrah, Franklin township, R. 2, Orrtanna, Pa.
Clarence Hoffman, R. 2, Biglerville, Butler township.
Edward A. Scott, Freedom and Highland townships, R. 4, Gettysburg.
Frank A. Eicholtz, (Elmer Freed Farm) Straban Twp. R. 2, Orrtanna.
A. W. Cole, Franklin township, R. 2, Orrtanna.
Clarence J. Harner (Swope Farm) Mt. Pleasant Twp. R. 8, Gbg.
W. J. Beamer, Straban and Mt. Pleasant Township.
John F. Dillon, Route 2, Orrtanna.
Frank Bream, (Waltman farm) Straban Twp., R. 9, Gettysburg.
Emory Hahn, R. 1, Gettysburg, Pa.
W. T. Howard, R. 7, Gettysburg.
John H. Groscoft, R. 7, Gettysburg.
A. Walter Toot (Mrs. M. Minter Farm), Franklin township.
J. H. Weikert, R. 1, Fairfield, Highland township.
Edward McSherry (Theodore Collins farm) Wolf's Hill.
J. Kerr Lott, R. 2, Gettysburg, Cumberland township.
H. M. Sneeringer, R. 9, Gettysburg, near Bonneville.
Edward Redding, R. 9, Gettysburg, Straban twp. (A. J. Smith farm).
G. F. Basehour, Cumberland and Germany townships, Gettysburg.
Levi Crum, R. 2, Biglerville, Menallen township.
Richard Ball, (S. G. Bucher farm) Franklin township.
Edward A. Treistle, Straban township.
Charles R. Hartman, (D. C. Jacobs farm,) R. 5, Gettysburg.
Denton Hoff, (Rufus Lawver farm,) Butler township.
I. H. Weikert, Fairfield, Pa.
C. E. Goldsborough farm, R. 8, Gettysburg, Pa.
J. C. Walter, R. 2, Biglerville, Pa.
John Leese R. 8, Gettysburg, Straban township.
William Beck, (B. D. Snyder farm), Straban twp. R. D. Gettysburg.
David Matthews (Geo. E. Stock farm), Straban township.
A. D. Sheely, Arendtsville, Pa.
Henry Spangler Sons, Cumberland township, R. 3, Gettysburg.
E. F. Strausbaugh, R. 1, Orrtanna, Pa., Hamiltonban township.
William Herring (Walter Settle farm), Seven Stars.
G. E. Spangler, Straban township.
Mary Baldwin, Route 2, Biglerville.
Calvin Lady, Franklin township, McKnightstown.
J. E. Tattnell (Harris Cook Farm) Menallen township.
Harry Weikert, Highland township, Orrtanna Route 1.

Additional names 50 cents for entire season.

FOR SALE FOR SALE

FOR SALE AT GETTYSBURG.

150 STEERS, weigh from 700 to 850 lbs.—good, thrifty, well bred cattle. Also a lot of stock BULLS, weigh from 500 to 1000 lbs.

C. T. LOWER

DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS



Imperial Flour Sold by Your Grocer Always :: Satisfies

November Joe

The Detective of the Woods

By HESKETH PRICHARD

Copyright, 1913.
By Hesketh Prichard

CHAPTER III.

"Thou shalt break them with a rod of iron."

NO sooner were we away than I put my eager question, "What do you think of it?"

Joe shrugged his shoulders. "Do you know any of these men?"

"All of them."

"How about the fellow who is on bad terms with—"

November seized my arm. A man was approaching through the dusk. As he passed my companion hailed him.

"Hello, Baxter! Didn't know you'd come back. Where you been?"

"Right up on the headwaters."

"Fitz come down with you?"

"No; stayed on the line of traps. Did you want him, November?"

"Yes, but it can wait. See any moose?"

"Nary one; nothing but red deer."

"Good night."

"So long."

"That settles it," said November. "If he speaks the truth, as I believe he does, it's neither of the Guds shot Lyon."

"Why not?"

"Didn't you hear him say they hadn't seen any moose? And I told you that the man that shot Lyon had killed a moose quite recent. That leaves just Miller and Highamson—and it weren't Miller."

"You're sure of that?"

"Stark certain. One reason is that Miller's above six foot, and the man as camped with Lyon wasn't as tall by six inches. Another reason, you heard the storekeeper say how Miller and Lyon wasn't on speaking terms. Yet the man who shot Lyon camped with him—slept beside him—must 'a' talked to him. That weren't Miller."

His clear reasoning rang true.

"Highamson lives alone away up above Lyon's," continued November. "He'll make back home soon."

"Unless he's guilty and has fled the country," I suggested.

"He won't 'a' done that. It 'ud be as good as a confession. No, he thinks he's done his work to rights and has nothing to fear. Like as not he's back home now."

The night had become both wild and blustering before we set out for Hig hamson's hut, and all along the forest paths which led to it the sleet and snow of what November called "a real mean night" beat in our faces.

It was black dark or nearly so when

at last a building loomed up in front of us, a faint light showing under the door.

"You there, Highamson?" called out November.

As there was no answer, my companion pushed it open, and we entered the small wooden room, where on a simple table a lamp burned dimly. He turned it up and looked around. A pack lay on the floor unopened, and a gun leaned up in a corner.

"Just got in," commented November. "Hain't looked up his pack yet."

He turned it over. A hatchet was thrust through the wide thongs which bound it. November drew it out.

"Put your thumb along that edge," he said. "Bunt? Yes? Yet he drove that old hatchet as deep in the wood as Lyon drove his sharp one. He's a strong man."

As he spoke he was busying himself with the pack, examining its contents with deft fingers. It held little save a few clothes, a little tea and

salt and other fragments of provisions and a Bible. The finding of the last was, I could see, no surprise to November, though the reason why he should have suspected its presence remained hidden from me. But I had begun to realize that much was plain to him which to the ordinary man was invisible.

Having satisfied himself as to every article in the pack, he rapidly replaced them and tied it up as he had found it, when I, glancing out of the small window, saw a light moving low among the trees, to which I called November Joe's attention.

"It's likely Highamson," he said, "coming home with a lantern. Get you into that dark corner."

I did so, while November stood in the shadow at the back of the closed door. From my position I could see the lantern slowly approaching until it flung a gleam of light through the window into the hut. The next moment the door was thrust open, and the heavy breathing of a man became audible.

It happened that at first Highamson saw neither of us, so that the first intimation that he had of our presence was November's "Hello."

Down crashed the lantern, and its bearer started back with a quick, hoarse gasp.

"Who's there?" he cried. "Who?"

"Them as is sent by Hal Lyon."

Never have I seen words produce so tremendous an effect.

Highamson gave a bellow of fury, and the next instant he and November were struggling together.

I sprang to my companion's aid, and even then it was no easy task for the two of us to master the powerful old man. As we held him down I caught my first sight of his ash gray face. His mouth grinned open, and there was a terrible intention in his staring eyes. But all changed as he recognized his visitor.

"November! November Joe!" cried he. "Get up!"

And as Highamson rose to his feet, "Whatever for did you do it?" asked November in his quiet voice. But now its quietness carried a menace.

"Do what? I didn't—I—" Highamson paused, and there was something unquestionably fine about the old man as he added: "No, I won't lie. It's true I shot Hal Lyon. And what's more if it was to do again I'd do it again. It's the best deed I ever done. Yes, I say that, though I know it's written in the book, 'Who so sheddeth man's blood, by man shall his blood be shed.'"

"Why did you do it?" repeated November.

Highamson gave him a look.

"I'll tell you. I did it for my little Janey's sake. He was her husband. See here! I'll tell you why I shot Hal Lyon. Along of the first week of last month I went away back into the woods trapping muskrats. I was gone more'n the month, and the day I come back I went over to see Janey. Hal Lyon weren't there. If he had been I shouldn't never 'a' needed to travel so far to get even with him. But that's neither here nor there. He'd gone to his bear traps above Big Tree. But the night before he left he'd got in one of his quarrels with my Janey. Hit her, he did. There was one tooth gone where his fist fell."

Never have I seen such fury as burned in the old man's eyes as he groaned out the last words.

"Janey, that had the prettiest face for fifty miles around. She tried to hide it from me—she didn't want me to know. But there was her poor face all swole and black and blue and the gap among her white teeth. Bit by bit it all came out. It weren't the first time Lyon 'd took his hands to her, nor the third nor the fourth. There on the spot as I looked at her I made up my mind I'd go after him, and I'd make him promise me, aye, swear to me on the Holy Book, never to lay hands on her again. If he wouldn't swear I'd put him where his hands couldn't reach her. I found him camped away up alongside a backwater near his traps, and I told him I'd seen Janey and that he must swear. He wouldn't. He said he'd learn her to tell on him. He'd smash her in the mouth again. Then he lay down and slept. I wonder now he weren't afraid of me, but I suppose that was along of me being a quiet, God fearing chap. Hour by hour I lay awake, and then I couldn't stand it no more, and I got up and pulled a bit of candle I had from my pack, fixed up a candlestick and looked in my Bible for guidance. And the words I lit on were 'Thou shalt break them with a rod of iron.' That was the gas clear enough. Then I flew out the light, and I think I slept, for I dreamed."

"Next morning Lyon was up early. He had two or three green skins that he'd took off the day before, and he said he was going straight home to smash Janey. I lay there, and I said nothing; black nor white. His judgment was set. I knew he couldn't make all the distance in one day, and I was pretty sure he'd camp at Big Tree. I arrived there just after him. As I could travel faster by canoe than him walking, and so kept near him all day. It was high sunset, and I bent down under the bunk so he couldn't see me. He went into the old shack. I called out his name. I heard him cursing at my voice, and when he showed his face I shot him dead. I never landed; I never left no tracks. I thought I was safe, sure. You've took me; yet only for Janey's sake I wouldn't care. I did right, but she won't like them to say her father's a murderer. That's all."

November sat on the edge of the table. His handsome face was grave. Nothing more was said for a good while. Then Highamson stood up.

"I'm ready, November, but you'll let me see Janey again before you give me over to the police."

November looked him in the eyes. "Expect you'll see a good deal of Janey yet. She'll be lonesome over there now that her brute husband's gone. She'll want you to live with her," he said.

"D'ye mean?"

November nodded. "If the police can catch you for themselves, let 'em, and you'll lessen the chance of a deal if you was to turn them moose shank moccasins you're wearing. When did you kill your moose?"

"Tuesday's a week. And my moccasins was wore out, so I fixed 'em up woods fashion."

"I know. The hair on 'em is slipping. I found some of it in your tracks in the camp, away above Big Tree. That's how I knew you'd killed a moose. I found your candlestick too. Here it is." He took from his pocket the little piece of spruce stick, which had puzzled me so much, and turned toward me.

"This end's sharp to stick into the earth; that end's slit, and you fix the candle in with a bit o' birch bark. Now it can go into the stove along o' the moccasins." He opened the stove door and thrust in the articles.

"Only three know your secret, Highamson, and if I was you I wouldn't make it four, not even by adding a woman to it."

Highamson held out his hand.

"You always was a white man, Nov," said he.

Hours later, as we sat drinking a final cup of tea at the campfire, I said: "After you examined Lyon's upper camp you told me seven things about the murderer. You've explained how you knew them, all but three."

"What are the three?"

"First, how did you know that Highamson had been a long time in the woods without visiting a settlement?"

"His moccasins was wore out and patched with raw moose hide. The tracks of them was plain," replied November.

I nodded. "And how could you tell that he was religious and spent the night in great trouble of mind?"

November paused in filling his pipe. "He couldn't sleep," said he, "and so he got up and cut that candlestick. What'd he want to light a candle for but to read by? And why should he want to read in the middle of the night if he was not in trouble? And if he was in trouble, what book would he want to read? Besides, not one trapper in a hundred carries any book but the Bible."

"I see. But how did you know it was in the middle of the night?"

"Did you notice where he cut his candlestick?"

"No," said I.

"I did, and he made two false cuts where his knife slipped in the dark. You're wonderful at questions."

"And you at answers."

November stirred the embers under the kettle, and the firelight lit up his fine face as he turned with a yawn.

"My," said he, "but I'm glad Highamson had his reasons. I'd 'a' hated to think of that old man shut in where he couldn't see the sun rise. Wouldn't you?"

(Continued Tomorrow)

ONE VIEW OF BISMARCK.

His Love of Music and His Dislike of Wagner as a Man.

Talking of the arts Bismarck said: "Of music I am very fond, but now I have to abstain from hearing it because tears come only too readily into my eyes. My heart is stronger than my head. Indeed, what self control I have has been bought by experience." Many instances occurred during our conversations which gave the truth to this assertion.

The extreme mobility of his countenance and the various shades of expression which passed over it told of a sensitive, emotional temperament. "But I have a fire within me still which burns at times with fury." Upon that I asked, "Are you in reality the iron chancellor?" "No," he said, "not naturally; the iron I have created to use when necessary." And that I believe to be true.

I asked him if he knew Wagner personally. "Yes," he answered, "but it was quite impossible for me to care for him or to encourage his society. I had not time to submit to his insatiable vanity. Before breakfast, at breakfast, before and after dinner, Wagner demanded sympathy and admiration. His egotism was wearisome and intolerable, and his demand for a listener was so incessant that I was obliged to avoid his company. I was too busy with my affairs to be able to give him all or even a portion of the demands he would have claimed upon my time. But I admire his music greatly, though I have been compelled to live up going to the opera because the beautiful and touching melodies I cannot get out of my head; they cling to me, and I find it difficult to release myself from them, and now it tires me to be so much moved."—From "Conversations With Prince Bismarck," by W. B. Richmond, the English painter, in North American Review.

Wind Pressure.

A wind traveling at the rate of three miles an hour presses with a weight of about three-quarters of an ounce upon every square foot of surface which stands in its way. A wind of eighteen miles an hour gives a pressure of one pound and a quarter to each square foot, a wind of thirty-five miles an hour gives a pressure of six pounds on the square foot, a gale of fifty miles an hour thirteen pounds, a storm of seventy-five miles twenty-eight pounds and a hurricane of ninety miles forty pounds on the square foot.

A Loyal Gardener.

"That garden you took so much pride in ran to weeds, didn't it?" rejoiced the envious acquaintance. "Well, you may call them weeds if you like, but I'll bet some of those tall, luxuriant plants have rare and powerful medicinal properties if science were only far enough advanced to appreciate them."

LEAD THE BOER REVOLT.

De Wet and Beyer's Prominent Figures in South Africa's Recent History. General Christian de Wet, leader of the new revolt of Boers in South Africa against British rule, was one of the greatest leaders of the Boer war as commander in chief of the Orange Free State forces and the assistant of General Cronje in the taking of Ladysmith, after which he was placed in full command.

In the latter days of the war he caused the British army much embarrassment because of the tactics by which he made vain for a long time the pursuit of his remnant of an army by fully twenty British columns. At the Vereeniging peace conference he was one of the signatories, and in the union government that followed he accepted the office of minister of agriculture.

Brigadier General Christian Frederick Beyer has been as openly bitter in the present matter as General de Wet. He made a demonstration of his opposition to the British plan for conquering German Southwest Africa by resigning his office as commandant of the forces of defense last September and in his letter to General Smuts, minister of defense of the South African Union, wrote that he could not be convinced of the righteousness of a war against Germany.

General Beyer was chairman of the Vereeniging peace conference, when the Boers swore allegiance to Great Britain.

His Original Sin.

An Indian who was a candidate for the ministry and was asked before the presbytery the important question, "What is original sin?" answered that he didn't know what other people's might be, but he rather thought that his was laziness. There are many who could truthfully give the same reply regarding religious activities.—The Christian Herald.

Record Swims.

Capt. Alfred Browne, commodore of the Flushing Bay division of the American Life-Saving society, swam from the battery to Sandy Hook, 22 miles, in 13 hours and 38 minutes. This was done on August 28, 1913. On September 14 Samuel Richards of Boston swam the same distance in 8 hours and 12 minutes. Many previous attempts had been made, but proved to be failures on account of the strength of the tides.—New York Times.

Uncle Eben.

"You can allus judge by facial expressions," said Uncle Eben. "An oyster dat's jes' been opened mus' be mis'able, an' yet it looks like it's laughin'."

Easy & Practical Home Dress Making Lessons

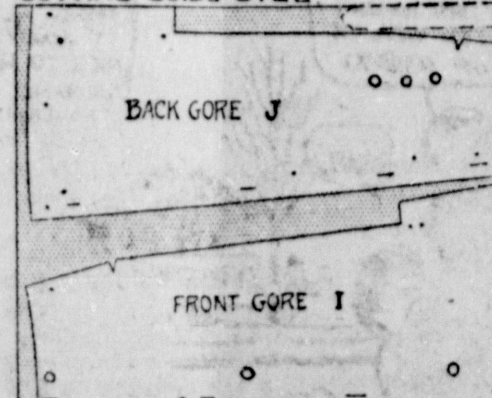
Prepared Especially For This Newspaper by Pictorial Review

AN ACCEPTABLE FROCK.



A suggestion for development in crepe, ratine or voile, showing a unique effect.

CUTTING GUIDE 5722



MATERIAL OPEN, 36 INCHES WIDE WITHOUT NAP. Patented April 30, 1907.

Pictorial Review pattern, No. 5722. Sizes 32, 34, 36, 38, 40, 42, 44 and 46 inches waist. Price, 15 cents.

Embroidery design, No. 11399. Transfer pattern, 10 cents.

The KITCHEN CUPBOARD

FOR LOVERS OF CHEESE.

CHEESE is considered by many to be indigestible; hence it is not frequently introduced into the menu. It may not be so easy of digestion as some foods, but its digestibility is increased by cooking.

Weight for weight, cheese contains twice as much nutriment as beef.

Excellent Luncheon Dishes.

Cheese Fritters.—Take one-fourth pound of cheese, two tablespoonsful of breadcrumbs, one ounce of butter, one yolk of an egg, one teaspoonful of batter and seasonings. Grate the cheese and mix it well with the breadcrumbs, butter and yolk of egg. Add the salt and pepper and shape the mixture. Coat these in thick batter and fry in deep fat until golden brown.

Cheese Patties.—Take croissants of bread, two ounces of grated cheese, one tablespoonful of milk, one ounce of butter and salt and pepper. Prepare the croissants by cutting some thick slices of bread. Cut these into rounds and hollow out the center. Dip them in melted butter or good dripping and bake in the oven until a pale yellow color. Fill the centers with the mixture of cheese, butter and milk, well seasoned, and replace in the oven until the cheese is melted. Serve hot with sprigs of parsley.

Combined With Macaroni.

Macaroni Cheese.—Take one-fourth pound of macaroni or spaghetti, one-fourth pound of cheese, grated; one-half pint of milk, one ounce of flour, one ounce of butter, one egg, salt and pepper and toast. Boil the macaroni in salted water for fifteen minutes. Make some white sauce with the milk, flour, butter and seasonings. Add the macaroni to the sauce; also half the grated cheese and the egg. Place this in a buttered pie dish and add the rest of the cheese on top. Bake in a moderate oven until browned. Serve with toast.

Cheese Puff.—Take one-fourth pound of cheese, two tablespoonsful of breadcrumbs, one-half pint of milk, two eggs, salt and pepper and one ounce of butter. Heat the milk in a saucepan. Add the butter and breadcrumbs. Add the cheese, stir until it is melted, cool slightly and add the yolks of the eggs and seasonings. Whip the whites stiffly and stir these into the mixture. Turn this into a greased pie dish and bake in a quick oven until the whole mixture puffs up and is a pretty golden brown. Serve immediately.

Anna Thompson.

Medical Advertising

Nose Clogged Up From Cold or Catarrh Open At Once

Instantly Clears Air Passages; You Breathe Freely, Nasty Discharges Stop, Head Colds and Dull Headache Vanish.

End such misery now! Get the small bottle of "Ely's Cream Balm" at any drug store. This sweet, fragrant balm Get a small bottle anyway, just to try it—Apply a little in the nostrils and instantly your clogged nose and stopped-up air passages of the head will open; you will breathe freely; dullness and headache disappear. By morning the catarrh, cold-in-head or catarrhal sore throat will be gone.

dissolves by the heat of the nostrils; penetrates and heals the inflamed, swollen membrane which lines the nose, head and throat; clears the air passages; stops nasty discharges and a feeling of cleansing, soothing relief comes immediately. Don't lay awake to-night struggling for breath, with head stuffed; nostrils closed, hawking and blowing. Catarrh or a cold, with its running nose, foul mucous droppings into the throat, and raw dryness is distressing but truly needless. Put your faith—just once—in "Ely's Cream Balm" and your cold or catarrh will surely disappear.

THE HOTEL FOR WOMEN. MARTHA WASHINGTON

EAST 29TH STREET. Near Madison Ave., Two Blocks from Broadway NEW YORK CITY

A modern high class fireproof hotel, situated in the most desirable residential section in New York, convenient to the leading department stores, theatre, &c.

Here is a hotel where the ladies can come to New York and find excellent accommodations.

\$1.50 per day and up.

It is the only hotel catering to women exclusively. It has every modern improvement. All rooms are very large and the service at this famous hotel is known the World over. Special rates for long terms.

BOOKLET ON APPLICATION

FOR SALE

2 Domestic Engines 3 and 6 H. P. only in use a few months, bargain. Also new Engines and Washing Machines.

W. M. CONOVER

Cabinet and Machine Shop MIDDLE AND STRATTON STREET UNITED PHONE.

FOR SALE

Six Slot Machines

Consisting of—

Gripping, Pulling, Weighing and Blowing

You can make good interest on the money invested in these machines as the party is going out of business.

I will sell these machines at a sacrifice if sold within the next 15 days. Write or call on

Robert H. Gitt,

York Springs, Pa.

Mules! Mules!

...ON...

Wednesday, Nov. 4

Will receive at the

WABASH HOTEL STABLE

GETTYSBURG

ONE CARLOAD OF

FIRST CHOICE KY. MULES

Come and See Them

H. A. Myers

DR. M. T. DILL,

DENTIST

BIGLERVILLE, PA.

Will be at York Springs

Wednesday of Each Week.

Bendersville Friday of Each Week.

Make Him Sweat.

At the bedside of a patient who was a noted humorist five doctors were in consultation as to the best means to produce perspiration. The sick man overheard the discussion and, after listening for a few moments, he turned his head toward the group and whispered with a dry chuckle: "Just send in your bill, gentlemen, that will bring it on at once."

Was in the Distance.

Baby has a vivid imagination and sees all sorts of things on a postal whether they are there or not. One day he was looking at a postal and naming different things on it. "O, see the boat, the big boat!" said baby. His brother, Leroy, aged four, seized the card and eagerly looked for the boat. "Where is the boat, baby?" he said impatiently. "I can't see it." "Well," said baby, "can't you wait till it comes?"—Exchange.

PUBLIC SALE

ON THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 5TH.

The undersigned will sell at public sale at his farm in Highland township, 4 miles west of Gettysburg, better known as the Kepner woolen mill, the following personal property.

2 HEAD of HORSES, 1 bay mare coming 4 years old, work wherever hitched, except in the lead, and plenty of speed, bred from Standard Prince, fearless of all road objects; 1 sorrel horse coming 5 years old, work wherever hitched, except in lead and a fine driver, fearless of all road objects.

7 HEAD of CATTLE consisting of 5 milk cows, 3 Durham cows will be fresh in February, carrying their second calves, 2 cows spotted and the other a black cow will be fresh in March carrying their third calves. 1 Durham bull will weigh about 700 pounds, 1 heifer about 4 months old.

4 Indian runner ducks, 1 Geiser threshing rig, 12 horse power engine, twenty four inch cylinder, thrasher good as new with side drag; a Geiser clover huller, No. 3, good as new, only run two weeks, water tank will hold 4 barrel, falling top buggy, set of iron wheels for a wagon, 3 circular saws, 1 No. 8 Steward sheep clipper, 2 new 5 gallon milk cans.

Many other articles not mentioned. Sale to begin at 1 o'clock. A credit of ten months. 5 per cent off for cash.

H. V. KEPNER AND SON. Ira Taylor, Auct.

Also at the same time and place will sell 5 milk cows, 2 will be fresh by time of sale, the other three in January and February. On the same conditions as above.

J. D. FORREST.

PUBLIC SALE

ON SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 14.

The undersigned having rented his farm will sell at public sale at his farm 1 mile North of Bendersville, the following described personal property.

STOCK: 1 bay mare 9 years old, work wherever hitched. A fine driver and fearless of all road objects, bay mare 12 years old, with foal, work wherever hitched and fearless of all road objects; bay mare colt, 7 months old, Jersey cow will have her 4th calf by her side at time of sale. She is an extra fine milker and very gentle. Four hogs will weigh about 200 lbs. each, 150 pure bred White Leghorns, Barred Rocks, and Blue Andalusians.

Farming Implements: 16 spring tooth harrow, new; Superior corn planter, new; 2-horse Oliver Chilled plow; single shovel plow, corn plow, spring wagon, falling top buggy, single and double trees, middle rings, butt and breast chains, dung fork, 2 pitch forks, grain scoop, shovel, 2 axes, bushel basket, 1/2 peck measure, 1/4 peck measure, set Yankee harness, set front gears, set buggy harness, 2 leather collars, bridles, lead rein and plow line. Lot of corn and potatoes by the bushel.

Household Goods: 1 iron bed, child's single iron bed and mattress, bed spring, mattress, oak dresser, oak wash stand, refrigerator, office desk, couch, extension table, 3 stands, set dining room chairs, leather seats; 2 rocking chairs, leather seats; kitchen cabinet, 5 gallon oil can, mail box, bath cabinet, oil heater, ice cream freezer, new 3 gallon churn, child's express wagon, porch swing, cedar barrel, Lot dishes, granite ware, buckets, crockdishes, window shades, portiers and many other articles. Sale to begin at 1 o'clock p. m. Terms—a credit of 10 months will be given on sums of \$5.00 and upwards to purchasers giving their notes with approved security or 5 per cent off for cash.

W. E. REID. Albert Slaybaugh, Auct. Gochenour, Clerk

Ready Help

in time of physical trouble caused by indigestion, biliousness resulting from torpid liver, inactive bowels, is always given, quickly, certainly, safely by the most famous of family remedies

BEECHAM'S PILLS

Largest Sale of Any Medicine in the World.

Sold everywhere. In boxes, 10c, 25c.

THE ALLIES ARE FORGING AHEAD

They Are Within Four Miles of Ostend.

ADMIT LOSS OF VILLAGE

But Claim Progress at All Other Points—Germans Assert They Have Best of Fighting.

London, Nov. 3.—Dispatches to the Daily Mail from various correspondents at different points in the field of operations in northern France report the continuous success of the allies, who have reached within four miles of Ostend, namely Lefinghe.

The German attack, it is stated, is mainly in the direction of Lefinghe and Slype. Three thousand Germans left Ostend for Zeebrugge on Friday and reports persist that the Germans have left Ostend.

A Reuter dispatch from an unnamed point on the Belgian frontier says that firing was heard throughout the night from the vicinity of Thourout and Lichtervelde, in Belgium. If fighting was in progress at these points, it would appear that the Germans have been compelled to retreat a considerable distance east of Dixmunde.

It is stated that the allies have intercepted a message from Emperor William to the Duke of Wurtemberg, telling him it is absolutely imperative to capture Ypres before Nov. 1, otherwise it will be necessary for the Germans to withdraw behind the Rhine.

The skillful General von Meyer was killed at Dixmunde on Friday.

A Reuter dispatch from Amsterdam says a report received there from Flushing declares heavy gun firing was heard all day Sunday near the Dutch frontier. The dispatch adds that it is reported also the allies have occupied Mariakerke, on the sea southwest of Ostend.

The correspondent of the Times in northern France, telegraphing under date of Sunday says that the allies are daily creeping on toward Ostend, which is now hardly occupied at all in a military sense. The number of Germans holding it is so negligible, he says, that if the allies achieve a definite victory in the fight for the river, Ostend will fall unresistingly into their hands.

The correspondent of the Times in northern France telegraphs that the allies have penetrated to the north and east of Lille which, he says, "certainly has been evacuated by the Germans and there is good reason to believe that it has been occupied by the allies."

A Rotterdam dispatch says: "Advices received from Belgian coast towns state that the exchange of military fire by the Germans and the warships has wrecked most of these towns. Westende, Westkerke and Middelkerke are all in ruins."

The correspondents of the Times in northern France telegraphs, under date of Sunday, that a report has reached him that as the result of the blowing up of a railway bridge by a Belgian cyclist corps a very large German corps was cut off from the main army and to the number of many thousands have surrendered.

The following are the official bulletins:

FRENCH.

"On our left wing the German offensive movement continued with the same violence in Belgium and in the north of France, particularly between Dixmunde and the Lys. In this region in spite of attacks and counter attacks on the part of the Germans, we made slight progress on almost the entire front, excepting at the village of Messines, a part of which was again lost by the allied troops.

"The enemy undertook an important movement against the suburbs of Arras. This resulted in failure, as did other movements against Libons and Lequesnoy-en-Santerre.

"On the center, in the region of the Aisne, we made slight progress in the direction of Tracy-le-Val, to the north of the forest of Aigue, as well as at certain points on the right bank of the Aisne, between this forest and Soissons.

"At Amont-de-Vailly an attack directed against those of our troops who are in possession of the heights on the right bank of the Aisne also resulted in failure. The same outcome attended several night attacks delivered in the heights of the highway Des Dames.

"In the region of Rheims, between the Argonne and the Meuse there was noticed a recrudescence of activity on the part of the enemy's heavy artillery. The bombardment of these places, however, did not show any appreciable result.

"On our right wing an offensive movement of reconnaissance by the enemy on Nomeny was repulsed.

"In the Vosges, in addition to the fact that we have recaptured the heights which dominate Mount Sainte Marie, we have made progress in the region of Ban de Sapt, where we occupy the positions from which the artillery of the enemy has been bombarding the town of St. Die."

GERMAN.

"The progress of the fighting on the front in the north of France is regarded as highly favorable. The report given out Sunday, with its news

Kaiser's Son Who Suffered Heart Attack on Battlefield.



that the French had been thrown back across the Aisne at a point near Soissons, and that the operations already had been extended to the west front of Verdun, is regarded as the most favorable issued for some time past.

"Letters from the front reaching Berlin describe the fighting between Neuport and Ypres as probably the fiercest of the whole war. The Germans forced their way southward by repeated night attacks. The toll of death was great on both sides."

CZAR'S ARMY NEARS BORDER OF SILESIA

Petrograd Reports Advance Along Entire Front.

Petrograd, Nov. 3.—An official statement by the general staff indicates that the Russians pursuing the Germans in central Poland have advanced westward to within sixty-five miles of the Silesian frontier.

In southern Poland a Russian army has driven the Austrians down the left bank of the Vistula until within a short distance of the Galician frontier. In East Prussia a Russian army has advanced after repulsing German attacks and inflicting very heavy losses. The text of the statement follows:

"On the East Prussian frontier our troops have progressed in the region of Vladislavov, in the forest of Romintene. The attacks made by the Germans in the Bakalarjevo region have ceased, owing to the terrible losses sustained by the enemy.

"West of the river Vistula we are advancing victoriously along the entire front. We have occupied Petrokow (sixty-five miles west of the German frontier), Opotchna (southeast of Prokrow) and Ozarow (on the lower Vistula).

"A detachment of the enemy which descended from the Carpathians near Nadvorna was attacked and driven off."

When it became evident that the campaign was lost on the Vistula front the Germans on the East Prussian border made continued and most persistent attempts to break the defense of the Russians there, either in the hope of coming to the rescue of the retreating troops by covering their left flank or to cause a diversion of the Russian forces. The fighting there has been obstinate to a degree exceeding anything yet experienced, but the Germans have entirely failed to make an impression on the Russian defense.

British Release Platania.

Washington, Nov. 3.—The American oil tanker Platania has been released. The steamer was held up by British authorities on her way from New York to Copenhagen because it was feared that her cargo of fuel was intended for ultimate use by the Germans. She was held at a Scotch port.

Levy on Brussels \$9,000,000.

Amsterdam, Nov. 3.—A telegram received here from Berlin announces that after protracted negotiations the war indemnity to the Germans from the city of Brussels has been fixed at 45,000,000 francs (\$9,000,000), payable 2,500,000 francs (\$500,000) weekly.

SOWING WINTER WHEAT.

If all the wheat lands were exactly adapted to wheat and were rich enough to force the plant's growth after it came up we could still sow late enough to avoid the Hessian fly and then have time enough for the wheat to get a real start before winter came. A liberal application of manure will help greatly in bringing about a strong growth in the fall, and commercial fertilizers are valuable for the same purpose. Careful preparation of the seed bed is also a big help in getting an early and strong growth.

Bolled down, the problem is to get a good growth of the wheat after the fly danger is over and before really bad weather comes. In those exceptional years when the ground begins freezing very early all the planning and scheming we may do will help but little. But given the average sort of a year the sowing may be pretty well delayed, and if the ground is rich or well fertilized a growth strong enough to resist winter killing may be forced before freezing puts an end to things till spring.—Farm Progress.

FALL PLOWING A SAVING.

Thousands of Dollars Can Be Saved by Destroying White Grubs.

"If farmers will plow, as soon as possible, the fields upon which they intend to raise next year corn or other crops, which are grown in hills, they very likely will save thousands of dollars."

This is the appeal which James G. Sanders, entomologist for the University of Wisconsin agricultural experiment station, is making to the farmers of the state.

The saving will come from the destruction of millions of white grubs, the worm stage of the June beetle, which are now in the ground and which, unless killed, will do untold damage to young crops next spring.

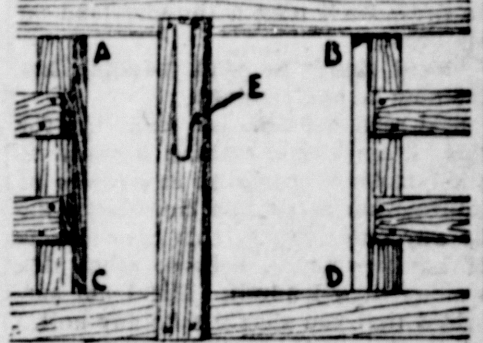
Mr. Sanders predicts that, unless control measures are soon adopted, the loss by these pests next season will be exceedingly heavy.

"As June beetles these pests," says Mr. Sanders, "do but very little harm, but next spring, as full grown grubs, they will be capable of doing untold damage, feeding almost entirely on living roots, preferably corn, timothy, potatoes and strawberries."

While fall plowing and deep disking are of great value in destroying the grubs, Mr. Sanders does not recommend them as entirely satisfactory means of eradicating these pests. In addition to this precaution, farmers should carefully plan their rotation for next year so as to plant only those crops which are least susceptible to the grubs, such as small grains, clover, vetch, etc., on land that was covered with heavy vegetation last spring.

Good Way to Sort Hogs.

Nearly every farmer has difficulty in sorting a bunch of uneven hogs for market, writes W. B. Ellsworth in the Farm and Fireside, and I have had my own troubles in this line. Last year I hit on a plan by which my hogs sort themselves. I have cut out as



small a number as eight out of fifty-six, with no trouble at all, in the following way:

Make a hole (A, B, C, D) in the fence of the sorting yard large enough for the largest hog to go through. Then take a board, E, and nail it on up and down as shown in the sketch. You may have to experiment a little to get it just right, but in the end your smaller hogs will all go out and you will find all your large hogs left in the pen. The next time you will know just the right size to make the opening.

A Lapse of Memory.

The minister, who was a reformed policeman, said to the bridegroom, who stood trembling, with his pallbearer gloves on:

"Do you, Algernon Smith, take this young woman to be your lawful wedded wife in sickness and in health, for better or for worse, till death do you part? Remember, anything you say will be used against you."—Chicago Post.

YOUNG FOLKS' CORNER

The Game of Hatball.

Each player puts his hat on the ground so that all hats will form a circle. He then stations himself about twelve feet from his hat, and thus the players form another circle. A tennis ball or a handkerchief tied around a stone—not a heavy one—is then thrown by one of the players. He aims for anybody's hat. If he misses a small stick or stone is put in his hat, and he must try again. If he misses three times he must run the gamut in any way agreed upon—that is, he may run between two lines of players and be properly "spanked" or made to crawl between the legs of all players standing in a row. If he lands the ball in some other player's hat that player must rush to his hat, and when he has his hand on the ball he must say "Stop!" All the other players, who dash away the minute the ball lights in a hat, must stop running when they hear the order to stop. The boy with the ball can then try to hit any other boy. If he hits the one he aims at a "forfeit" is placed in that boy's hat; if he misses a similar forfeit is placed in his own. Every boy must keep his feet in one position, but he may dodge with his body as much as he likes. When over a boy gets three forfeits in his hat he must run the gamut. This game is very popular in Scandinavia.—Boy's Life.

The Flying Squirrel.

The flying squirrel takes the first step toward aviation of the mammals. Its membrane, stretching between the fore and hind legs, and its densely furred and flat tail enable it to soar for quite a distance, although it is incapable of sustained flight and must alight below its starting point. Starting from fifty feet up in a tree it will easily cover over 100 feet, steering its way in and out among intervening branches just like a bird and alighting with perfect ease.

The flying squirrel is nocturnal and spends the day in sleep in some hollow tree or old woodpecker's nest. In the winter as many as nine will roll up together in one hole, although they are active all winter during the night time, their fur being full and a perfect protection.

The squirrels may often be seen in the daytime by merely rapping on the tree in which they sleep, when they will pop their heads out to look.

Their food consists of nuts, barks, buds, fruit, seeds, insects, etc.

On the ground they are not as active as the red squirrel or chipmunk and are poor swimmers.

They have many enemies, owls, foxes, minks and weasels being among the number, yet they seem to thrive and are common.

Pretty Old Bread.

A loaf of bread 4,500 years old has been found in the tomb of King Mentuhotep, who died in Egypt 2500 B. C. It is now in the Royal museum of Berlin and ought to be shown to all boys who object to bread that is not fresh from the baker's. This loaf of bread is dark brown in color, and inside are many large holes. Probably this part of the bread long since fell into dust, but much of the bread still remains in the shape of whole kernels and pieces of grain. This particular loaf was made of barley and shows that the grains were only rudely crushed and not sifted. Judging from this bread, the kings of Egypt had pretty poor eating, and what kind of food the common people subsisted on is hard to imagine. The common laborer of today would raise a riot if he had to put up with the privations and discomforts of the nobility of ancient times.

Old Songs in Anagram.

Example: No. 1 is "Home, Sweet Home."

1. He hoe me most we.
2. Den look but cake.
3. He lot my monkey duck.
4. Job leak cold.
5. Lo do need a key.
6. O son I been very nice hot meal.
7. Roof me mules stars.

Answers: 1. "Home, Sweet Home." 2. "Old Oaken Bucket." 3. "My Old Kentucky Home." 4. "Old Black Joe." 5. "Yankee Doodle." 6. "My Bonnie Lies Over the Ocean." 7. "Last Rose of Summer."

Girl Scouts Adopt Baby.

A troop of girl scouts of Washington recently visited the founding asylum and adopted a wee baby, for whose clothing and necessities they will provide. The little garments are to be made at the scout meetings, and money for the baby's expenses is to be earned by the troop.

Campfire Girls.

There are over 60,000 campfire girls enrolled in this country, and they are led by 4,600 active guardians.

Medical Advertising

Rheumatism Soon Becomes Chronic

The Result of Tired Kidneys Failing to Expel Poisonous Waste Matter.

Tired, overworked, kidneys allow poisonous uric acid to remain in the blood instead of expelling it from the system. That is the cause of chronic rheumatism. The disease gets into some joint or group of muscles and settles there, and only strenuous treatment will dislodge it.

Rheuma softens the uric acid crystals lodged in the joints and muscles, causing the terrible pains, and passes them out of the system through the kidneys and bowels.

All the blood in the body passes through the kidneys once every three minutes. Unless it is pure the organs become diseased. Rheuma purifies the blood and the kidneys then regain their natural activity.

People's Drug Store and all druggists sell Rheuma at a price so inexpensive that it is folly to be without it.

Time's Regret.

Time brings only one regret—that we had not more joy in the things that were, more belief, more patience, more love, more knowledge of the way things worked out, more willingness to help toward the final result.—Jennie June.

Whale Among Fishing Boats.

A large whale struck the fishing boat Jane recently, while it was engaged in herring fishing five miles off Girvan, Scotland. The boat was undamaged, but the incident caused considerable alarm among the crew. The S. S. Alisa, lying between Girvan and Ailsa Craig, narrowly escaped having its propeller fouled by one of three whales which were in the vicinity.

Soft Fluffy Hair Is First Aid To Beauty

If your hair is not fluffy, soft and lustrous, is falling out, streaked, faded, brittle, or full of dandruff, and if the scalp itches, do not think it must always be that way, for pretty hair is only a matter of care and the use of the proper hair dressing. Your hair is like a plant—if neglected it soon dies, while with a little attention it keeps fresh and beautiful.

Parisian Sage is a scientific preparation that supplies just the elements needed to invigorate the hair roots and stimulate your hair to grow long, thick, fluffy, soft and lustrous. It removes all dandruff with one application and quickly stops itching, itching and falling hair. It is the ideal hair tonic and scalp treatment—contains nothing injurious and is delicately perfumed.

The People's Drug Store or any druggist, can supply you with Parisian Sage—it is inexpensive. You can not be disappointed with this delightful and helpful toilet necessity, for it will surely give your hair the beauty and charm of youth.

GETTYSBURG MARKETS

Prices at the Gettysburg warehouse corrected daily by C. Milton Wolf, Jr. Successor to J. Geo. Wolf's Sons Co.

	Per Bu.
Wheat	\$1.02
New Ear Corn	.60
Rye	.70
New Oats	.45

RETAIL PRICES

	Per 100
Badger Dairy Feed	\$1.34
Hand Packed Bran	1.50
Corn Spring Bran	1.40
Corn and Oats Chops	1.60
Shomaker Stock Food	1.60
Cotton Seed Meal	1.60
Cotton Seed Meal per ton	\$31.00
White Middlings	1.75
Red Middlings	1.65
Rye Chop	1.70
Timothy Hay	.90
Baled Straw	.60
Plaster	\$7.50 per ton
Cement	\$1.40 per bbl
Flour	5.20
Western Flour	.700
Wheat	1.13
New Ear Corn	.70
Shelled Corn	1.00
Old Ear Corn	1.00
Western Oats	.69

I Will be in GETTYSBURG Every TUESDAY,

At Pen. Myers' Jewelry Store To Examine Eyes and Fit Glasses. W. H. DINKLE Graduate of Optics

NO TRESPASSING.

All persons are warned not to trespass on the premises of the undersigned with dog, gun or trap for the purpose of taking game in any manner; or for fishing, or in any way injuring or destroying property. All persons violating the laws of the Commonwealth with regard to trespassing on lands of the undersigned will be dealt with under the provisions of the Act of April 14, 1905.

Jacob L. Toot, Straban township.
D. A. Fidler, Butler township, R. 1, Biglerville.
John Fidler, Butler township, R. 1, Biglerville.
C. P. and M. W. Bigham, Freedom and Liberty townships.
D. S. Coleman, (Samuel Nace tenant) Straban township.
F. L. Kime, Biglerville, Pa.
W. A. Bigham, Cumberland township, R. 3, Gettysburg.
Harvey Scott, Cumberland township.
Mrs. Matilda L. Codori, Cumberland township.
Waybright Rice, Biglerville, Pa.
William H. Johns, Cumberland township and Gettysburg.
D. B. Wineman, Cumberland township, R. 2, Gettysburg.
Leo Frommeyer, R. 10, Gettysburg, Pa.
W. S. Spangler, Freedom township, R. 4, Gettysburg.
J. W. Cook, Flora Dale, Pa.
W. T. Mehning, R. 4, Gettysburg, Cumberland township.
Louis Mizell, Straban township, R. 7, Gettysburg.
Jacob F. Peters, Biglerville, Pa. Tyrone township.
Mrs. J. E. Hughes, Cumberland township.
Mrs. Andrew Brough, R. 1, Aspers, Menallen township.
E. N. Hoffman, R. 2, Biglerville, Pa.
William Coshun, R. 9 Gettysburg Straban township.
O. B. Sharretts, R. 2, Gettysburg Cumberland township.
Robert A. Horner, R. 3 Gettysburg, Cumberland township.
Leo Tipton, R. 1 Fairfield, Highland township.
Gilbert Rudisill R. 1 Gettysburg, Pa.
Curtis Herring, Highland township.
F. B. Twisden, Gettysburg Poultry Farm, R. 2, Gettysburg, Pa.
Charles E. Schultz (J. L. Butt Farm) R. 1, Orrtanna, Pa.
Reuben Kepner, R. 1, Virginia Mills, Hamilton twp. (Copper Co. Farm)
Elias Wolford, Mt. Pleasant township, R. 8, Gettysburg, Pa.
D. L. Jacobs, Butler township, R. 1, Biglerville.
Joseph B. Twining, Straban and Cumberland townships.
Milton Lady, R. 6 Gettysburg, Butler Twp. (Mrs. E. Bucher Farm).
L. E. Hershey, Seven Stars.
J. L. Bigham, R. 4, Gettysburg, Pa., Freedom township.
Frank Eckert, Butler township, Table Rock, Pa.
Charles Essick and sisters, Butler township, R. 5, Gettysburg, Pa.
J. H. Rex, R. 2, Biglerville, Pa., Menallen township.
George D. Thomas, R. 5, Gettysburg, Cumberland township.
Mervin Topper (John McHenry farm) R. 7, Gettysburg, Straban Twp.
D. W. Stoops, Highland township, R. 4, Gettysburg.
W. W. Scott, Freedom Township, R. 3, Gettysburg.
Jacob W. Grosest, R. 7, Gettysburg, Tyrone township.
A. S. Whistler, Mt. Pleasant Township, R. 10 Gettysburg.
C. B. Shank, Straban township, Route 7, Gettysburg, Pa.
Charles F. Rebert, Franklin township, Seven Stars.
Deardorf Brothers, Franklin township.
John and Frank Garretson, Menallen township, R. 1, Aspers.
Eli P. Garretson, Butler township, R. 1, Biglerville.
George Wagner, Table Rock, Pa.
John C. Derr (McPherson Farm) Cumberland Twp, R. 4, Gettysburg.
A. H. Lohr, Franklin township, Seven Stars, Pa.
Wm. A. Smith, Menallen township, R. 2, Aspers, Pa.
C. A. Sterner, Tyrone township, Idaville, Pa.
Katalysine Springs Company, Cumberland township.
L. H. Meals, Cumberland township.
Garfield Jacobs, R. 13, Gettysburg, Pa.
David Tipton, Straban township, R. 7, Gettysburg.
John H. Brown, Cumberland township, R. 5, Gettysburg.
David F. Batterman, Butler township.
Rev. Albert Hollinger, Cumberland township.
Walter C. Snyder (Baily Farm) Cumberland township, R. 12, Gbg.
Mark C. Pepple, Franklin township, R. 1, Orrtanna, Pa.
Samuel Robinson R. 2, Gettysburg, Cumberland township.
R. F. Biddle, R. 8, Gettysburg, Pa., Mt. Pleasant township.
H. C. Warren, Biglerville, Pa.
W. F. Herbst, R. 1, Orrtanna, Pa., Highland township.
Josephine Smith, R. 8, Gettysburg, Pa.
S. J. Haverstick, R. 8, Gettysburg, Straban township.
Jacob and John Sharrar, Franklin township, R. 2, Orrtanna, Pa.
Clarence Hoffman, R. 2, Biglerville, Butler township.
Edward A. Scott, Freedom and Highland townships, R. 4, Gettysburg.
Frank A. Eicholtz, (Elmer Freed Farm) Straban Twp, R. 12, Gbg.
A. W. Cole, Franklin township, R. 2, Orrtanna.
Clarence J. Harner (Swope Farm) Mt. Pleasant Twp, R. 8, Gbg.
V. J. Beamer, Straban and Mt. Pleasant Township.
John F. Dillon, Route 2, Orrtanna.
Frank Bream, (Waltman farm) Straban Twp., R. 9, Gettysburg.
Emory Hahn, R. 1, Gettysburg, Pa.
W. T. Howard, R. 7, Gettysburg.
John H. Grosest, R. 7, Gettysburg.
A. Walter Toot (Mrs. M. Minter Farm), Franklin township.
J. H. Weikert, R. 1, Fairfield, Highland township.
Edward McSherry (Theodore Collins farm) Wolf's Hill.
J. Kerr Lott, R. 2, Gettysburg, Cumberland township.
H. M. Sneeringer, R. 9, Gettysburg, near Bonneville.
Edward Redding, R. 9, Gettysburg, Straban twp. (A. J. Smith farm).
G. F. Basehoar, Cumberland and Germany townships, Gettysburg.
Levi Crum, R. 2, Biglerville, Menallen township.
Richard Ball, (S. G. Bucher farm) Franklin township.
Edward A. Trostle, Straban township.
Charles R. Hartman, (D. C. Jacobs farm,) R. 5, Gettysburg.
Denton Hoff, (Rufus Lawver farm,) Butler township.
L. H. Weikert, Fairfield, Pa.
C. C. Goldsborough farm, R. 8, Gettysburg, Pa.
J. C. Walter, R. 2, Biglerville, Pa.
John Lee R. 8, Gettysburg, Straban township.
William Beck, (B. D. Snyder farm), Straban twp. R. D. Gettysburg.
David Matthews (Geo. E. Stock farm), Straban township.
A. D. Sheely, Arendtsville, Pa.
Henry Spangler Sons, Cumberland township, R. 3, Gettysburg.
E. F. Strausbaugh, R. 1, Orrtanna, Pa., Hamilton township.
William Herring (Walter Settle Farm), Seven Stars.
G. E. Spangler, Straban township.
Mary Baldwin, Route 2, Biglerville.
Calvin Lady, Franklin township, McKnightstown.
J. E. Tatnell (Harris Cook Farm) Menallen township.
Harry Weikert, Highland township, Orrtanna Route 1.

Additional names 50 cents for entire season.

FOR SALE FOR SALE

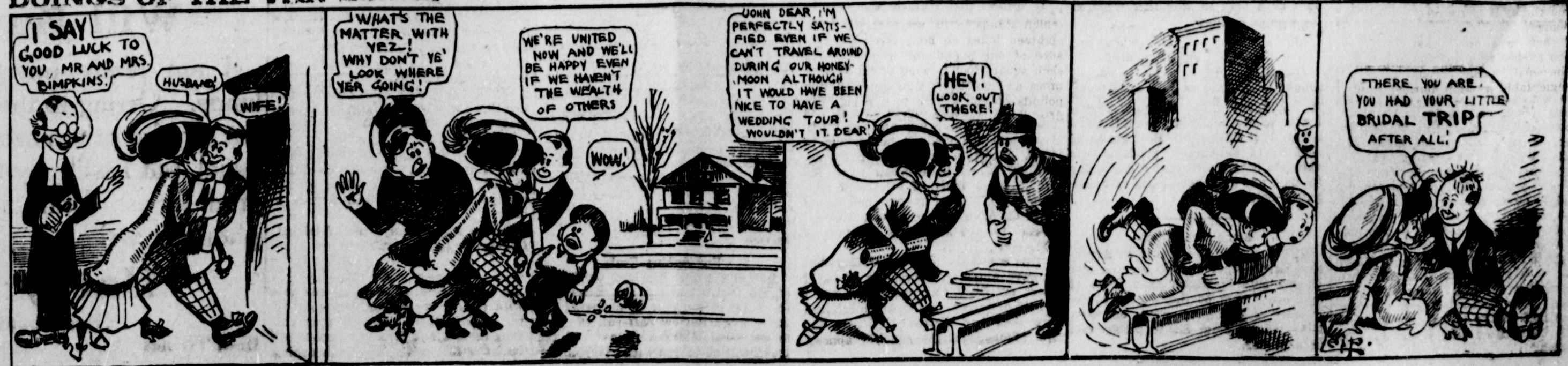
FOR SALE AT GETTYSBURG.

150 STEERS, weigh from 700 to 850 lbs.--good, thrifty, well bred cattle. Also a lot of stock BULLS, weigh from 500 to 1000 lbs.

C. T. LOWER

Grace and her Hubby take a trip, but it's not very expensive

DOINGS OF THE VAN LOONS



Imperial Flour Sold by Your Grocer Always :: Satisfies

G. W. WEAVER & SON

G. W. WEAVER & SON

THE LEADERS

You have had your Warning

We have had several days of real Fall weather—of course there will be warmer days—in fact are a little warmer now—before Winter finally comes with possibly NO LET UP. It behooves all to get their house and home in order, as also their clothes closets.

House cleaning weather has been ideal. No doubt you have found that you need something now to put in the house—such as

Rugs, Carpets, Linoleums, Curtains,
Shades, etc. Blankets, Comforts, White Quilts.

Then too—Heavier Clothing is necessary—

A New Coat or Suit, or Furs

For Wife and Daughter. SWEATERS and UNDERCLOTHING for every member of the family—and many other things to add comfort and pleasure.

This store will serve your every requirement with greater choice and satisfaction than most others.

G. W. WEAVER & SON

Famous Babcock Ladders

Full assortment now in stock consisting of

Straight Ladders, Extension Ladders, Step Ladders
AND ESPECIALLY FRUIT LADDERS

Every piece of this well known brand is made from second-growth Spruce, with Rungs of Ash or Elm.

H. P. MARK, ARENDSVILLE, PA.

All Around The Farm

FOR POULTRY BREEDING.

European War Offers Great Opportunity, Says Expert.

That the European war offers great opportunity for American poultry breeders to extend the scope of their business is the opinion of T. E. Quisenberry, director of the Missouri state poultry experiment station, who says:

"There is no reason for good poultrymen to be alarmed because of the present situation which we are facing on account of the European war or the high price of feeds. The man who has a good laying strain of pure bred poultry is going to get enough eggs this winter to pay his feed and labor bills and net him a nice profit. Neither will

Feeding Alfalfa to Horses.

Alfalfa is a splendid horse feed, but must be fed with judgment and care. Because of its palatability mature horses are likely to eat too much alfalfa if permitted to have free access to it.

The average farm horse at hard work is allowed to eat much more alfalfa and other roughage than he really needs to maintain his weight.

One pound of alfalfa or other hay and about one and one-quarter pounds of grain per day for each 100 pounds of the horse's weight make a good ration for the working horse.

Horses like alfalfa stems. Refuse from the cattle racks is very acceptable to horses.

Feed mature horses first and second cutting alfalfa, which is free from mold and dust.

Never feed wet alfalfa hay to horses. A sudden change of feed deranges the horse's digestive system.

Horses accustomed to alfalfa as a regular part of their ration are seldom troubled from its use.—Extension Bulletin 28, Nebraska Experiment Station.

FALL GARDEN WORK.

It is usually safe to leave sweet potatoes in the ground until the vines are killed by frost, but they should be dug as soon after that as possible. If they are to be stored the tubers should lie in the sun a few hours to dry off before they are picked up. They should be handled carefully at all stages to prevent bruising.

Look at the winter blooming bulbs which are put away in November to root. They may need water, and they should be in the dark and in a cool place. In a cold frame outdoors is an ideal place for them.

The land that was plowed in the fall for next year's garden will work up better than that that must be plowed in the spring.

Time spent in cleaning up an orchard in the fall of the year will be amply rewarded with better and cleaner fruit the next season.

As soon as the leaves fall and a few sharp freezes ripen the new wood we may commence to prune fruit and shade trees.

Use the larger limbs pruned from the orchard for wood, the smaller ones as a plug to stop that wash in the field or meadow.

Value of Goodness.

It is not easy to be good. If it were goodness would be worth very little. It would not mean struggle, persistence, aspiration, development, character, as it does now. Real goodness—efficient, beneficent goodness—is valuable because of what it costs, day by day, and it never comes at a bargain.—Selected.

Some Real Dust.

The roads of the plains of Argentina have deeper dust in summer and deeper mud in winter than those of any other part of the world; consequently the wagons used on them have wheels from six to fifteen feet in diameter.

Medical Advertising.

Don't Neglect Your Stomach

If It's Upset Mi-o-na Puts It Right and Ends Distress.

If you are one of the thousands who cannot eat a simple meal without its lying in the stomach like lead, fermenting and causing painful distress, sourness and gas, do not delay but get at once some Mi-o-na—a simple prescription to be had at any druggist's—that quickly and effectively ends indigestion and corrects bad stomachs, surely be longer periods of food fer-

You must not allow your stomach to go from bad to worse for there will be mental causing greater agony, more gas, sick headache, unrefreshing sleep, "blue spells," and nervousness.

A few Mi-o-na tablets are just what you need. Use them freely at the first sign of distress. Mi-o-na not only quickly ends the misery, but helps to unclog the liver and strengthen the stomach—then your food is properly digested.

Mi-o-na is not only inexpensive but People's Drug Store sells it with agreement to refund the money if it does not give satisfaction.

"ENEMY WILL BE BEATEN"

Kaiser Sure of Victory Under All Circumstances.

Berlin (by way of London) Nov. 3.—In addressing the Brandenburg regiment in France recently, at a point behind the front, Emperor William closed his speech with these words:

"When the war is finished we should see each other again. Under all circumstances the enemy will be beaten."

This information is conveyed in a letter received in Berlin from the front.

JONES WROTE POETRY.

And Laid a Layer of Bricks For Every Line He Composed.

Several years ago I wrote an essay for the Atlantic Monthly on "The Hundred Worst Books." For a place in the list I selected a book in my library entitled "Poems on Several Occasions," published in 1749 by one Jones, a poet whose name was unknown to me till I perused his verse. The pages were so fresh that I cherished the belief that I was the only reader in a century and a half. I had the pride of possession in Jones.

It was some time after that I came across, in Walpole's letters, an allusion to my esteemed poet. It seems that Colley Cibber, when he thought he was dying, wrote to the prime minister recommending the bearer, Mr. Henry Jones, for the vacant laurel. Lord Chesterfield will tell you more of him.

I was never more astonished in my life than when I visualized the situation and saw my friend Jones "the bearer" of a demand for the reversion of the laureateship.

It seemed that Walpole was equally surprised, and when he next met Lord Chesterfield the eager question was, Who is Jones, and why should he be recommended for the position of poet laureate? Lord Chesterfield answered, "A better poet would not take the post, and a worse ought not to have it." It appears that Jones was an Irish brick-layer and had made it his custom to work a certain number of hours according to an undeviating rule. He would lay a layer of brick and then compose a line of poetry, and so on until his day's task was over. This accounts for the marvelous evenness of his verse.

This was but a small discovery, but it gave a real pleasure, for should I meet my Lord Chesterfield he and I would at once have a common interest. We both had discovered Jones, and quite independently.—Atlantic Monthly.

ARRAYS MOSLEMS AGAINST ALLIES

Turks' Entry Into War Aimed at British Rule in India.

ENGLISH EYES ON EGYPT.

Nominally Part of Turkish Empire, but Really Subject to London's Rule. It May Support Sultan's Stand. Captain of Crack Ottoman Cruiser Trained in America.

With the opening of hostilities by Turkey against Russia the number of warring nations is increased to ten. The other nine, in the order of their beginning hostilities, are Austria, Serbia, Germany, Russia, France, Montenegro, Belgium, Great Britain and Japan.

Ever since fighting began the kaiser on the one hand and the allies on the other have been bidding for Turkish support, and the former, by virtue of his careful attention during a period of many years to Turkish susceptibilities, has triumphed over the Turkish fear of Russia and the British fleet and whatever gratitude the porte may feel for England's support in time past.

The world at large first realized that the Turkish empire might play an important part in the great struggle when on Aug. 11 the Breslau and the Goeben, the two German cruisers caught in the Mediterranean at the outbreak of hostilities, managed to elude the fleets of the allies and take refuge in the Dardanelles.

According to international law, they were safe so long as they remained in a neutral port, but they must either come out after twenty-four hours or consent to be interned for the period of the war. Turkey, however, rose superior to custom and permitted them to stay on, giving out that she had purchased them for her own navy in place of the two battleships building in England on her order which had been taken over for the British navy.

Breslau and Goeben Now Turkish. The two cruisers since then have appeared as Turkish vessels. It has also been said that Germany has been trying to forward to them by land considerable numbers of sailors. It has been rumored that under the Turkish flag they have still retained their German crews.

Meanwhile the porte has denounced the capitulations—that is, the concessions to Christian powers which permit their nationals to be subject only to their own consular law courts, at low them to maintain their own post offices, and so on. It has been an unpleasant thing for the powers affected including this country, to face this, but in the present chaos it has been impossible for any one nation to do more than protest.

By getting Turkey to join him in the fight on the allies the kaiser has been aiming another blow at England, since the Turkish sultan is the nominal head of all the Mohammedans on earth. Great Britain is the greatest Mohammedan power in the world. In Egypt and India she has under her rule an enormous number of followers of the prophet. France also, through her great African possessions, has to consider the Mohammedan problem.

May Cause Trouble in Egypt.

Egypt is still nominally part of the Turkish empire, although to all intents and purposes it has been incorporated in the British empire, and there is a possibility that the cry of the sultan for help might cause disturbances. In India, too, the preaching of a holy war by the Mohammedans might give rise to a great deal of trouble. But, on the other hand, England can point to the excellent effect on her position in Egypt of the reforms of Lord Kitchener; to the fact that the Aga Kahn, the religious head of Indian Mohammedanism, has declared himself in her favor, and above all, to the fact that at this moment there are Mohammedan Indian soldiers fighting for her in Europe.

To Americans the inclusion of Turkey in the war has significance through the presence in the Levant of the United States cruiser North Carolina. At outbreak of the Moslem against the Christians, the Jews or the Armenians is likely at some point or another and American missionaries may be in danger.

The Hamidieh, most active of Turkish ships, is an armored cruiser of 3,800 tons built in England and completed in 1901. She carries two six inch eight 1.7 inch and four smaller guns and three torpedo tubes and has a complement of 302 men. Her speed is twenty-two knots.

In the Balkan war the Hamidieh made a brilliant record, similar to the exploits of the German cruisers Emden and Karlsruhe in the present conflict. Her commander, Captain Rechid, had studied American naval method during a stay of some years in the country and had with him on his ship two American officers.

Costs Italy \$1,000,000 a Day. Italy has spent at the rate of \$1,000,000 a day since the war began to place her army in a state of preparedness.

A government announcement shows that in addition to the ordinary appropriations the cabinet had arranged a loan of 500,000,000 lire for the use of the military administration of 341,000,000 lire (\$68,300,000).

For Aching Feet.

One of the best remedies for aching of the feet is resting the muscles in the soles of the feet by changing the shoes frequently. Every pair of shoes is cut from a different last and the tread will be varied with every change of the shoes. Batching the feet with either very hot or very cold water, wiping them dry and then rubbing them with spirits of camphor will cool the feet and remove the aching.

Mr. Nemo

By EUNICE BLAKE

When Tim Bradford married Ella Strong they were both young, and one was foolish. Tim was the foolish one, and there was no excuse for him because he was twenty-five years old, an age when if a man is ever going to have any sense it will surely have appeared. Ella was barely eighteen and looked to Tim for guidance.

Tim was a good looking chap and round conquests of empty headed girls quite easy. The consequence was that he was fond of that kind of amusement. He was a very deep thinker—in his own opinion—and his thoughts took shape to serve his desires. When he became engaged to Ella Strong he propounded a new idea—that is, new to her, though it was becoming quite fashionable. It was that a married couple should have a great deal of liberty and be married only so long as they were satisfied with each other. This didn't trouble Ella, because she didn't wish any liberty, and she had perfect confidence in Tim's love for her.

For several years after they were married Tim let other women alone, devoting himself to his wife and a couple of children. Then he renewed his flirtations.

Ella by this time was twenty-three years old. If a man is expected to have any sense at twenty-five a woman certainly should have gained some wisdom by twenty-three. Ella's compliance to Tim's theories had vanished. She didn't mind his flirtations so long as they were scattered, but when his name began to be connected with that of another woman to his wife's mortification she objected very seriously.

But she said nothing to Tim about it. She had grown sufficiently experienced to know that when a husband or a wife begins to find fault through jealousy the matrimonial situation is in a very serious condition. Not every woman of twenty-three would realize that, but Ella did.

One day Tim received an anonymous note which warned him that his wife was maintaining a correspondence with a certain friend of his. The writer, who was evidently a woman, said that she disliked very much to tell tales, but she could not bear to see a husband and father so abominably treated. His wife was deceiving him. She hoped that her information would be in time to enable him to prevent the breaking up of his home on account of his innocent children, if on no other.

This was a terrible blow to Bradford. His wife had shown no objection to his attentions to any other women, not even the one who had occasioned the talk. He had sometimes wondered at this, but attributed it largely to the fact that when they were married it had been understood that both he and Ella should have a great deal of liberty. He had had his liberty, and now his wife was taking hers with a vengeance.

The anonymous note he had received had come to him by an afternoon mail at his office. He hurried home, to find his wife in the hall, as usual, for the conjugal kiss. She put up her lips, but instead of meeting them with his he drew back with a thunderclap on his brow.

"Read that," he said, handing her the note he had received.

Ella read the note and said: "As for this, I am above making a reply to anonymous accusations or to bits of information given you concerning me by any one. But in this case that is of no importance, because what this woman says I admit. But I am surprised that you should take any notice of it, for it is perfectly understood between us that we were both to have every liberty in such matters."

"But—"

"What 'buts' are there? Have I ever complained of any of your affairs de coeurs?"

"But mine were innocent. I am a man; you are a woman and the mother of children."

"I consider myself as well able to flirt innocently as you are."

"But the world!"

"What is the world to me beside my own conscience? Besides, the world is throwing off its antiquated morality. The time is coming when this matter of marriage will not be riveted chains, but a daisy chain, to be broken without a tussle."

"For heaven's sake, Ella, where did you pick up such nonsense?"

"I learned it from you."

"Then unlearn it from me. It's rot."

"And leave you to practice it?"

"I? No; my flirtations are of no consequence in comparison to our family comfort and happiness."

"Then you will cease them?"

"Certainly, if you object to them."

"Very well. I will cease mine till I see that you have begun again; then I will begin anew."

But Tim never began again. He was completely cured. He soon insisted that he and his wife should give up society in order that they might the better enjoy their home.

"By the bye, Ella, who was the fellow that I was warned of in the anonymous note to look out for?"

"Mr. Nemo."

Going to her desk, she unlocked a drawer, took out a paper and handed it to him. It was the original of the anonymous note. She had written it herself.

"You're a jim dandy!" he exclaimed, folding her in his arms.

Cold Weather CLOTHES

The low temperatures of Fall and Winter are here to stay and delay in preparing for them will cause you discomfort and the loss of the satisfaction of wearing new clothing while the season is new.

OVERCOATS

For Men is Balmacaans. Mackinaws, for Men and Boys. Sweaters from

50 cents up to \$7.00

UNDERWARE

In Wool, Fleece Lined, Cotton and other Materials. For Men, Women and Children.

O. H. Lestz.

STORE OPEN EVERY EVENING.

Cor. Square and Carlisle St.

Gettysburg, Pa.

PUBLIC SALE

Saturday, NOVEMBER 28, 1914

The undersigned intending to reduce his stock will sell at public sale in Straban township, on the road leading from Hunterstown to New Oxford, one mile from Hunterstown, the following personal property:

4 HEAD OF HORSES

Consisting of 1 brown mare 5 years old, 15 hands high, will work wherever hitched and safe for a woman to drive; one bay horse 4 years old, 15½ hands high, a fine worker and driver; one dark mare colt 6 months old; one mule colt 6 months old.

15 HEAD OF CATTLE

Consisting of 4 milk cows, one close springer, three in January, one heifer comes in January, 5 yearling heifers, 3 stock bulls.

50 HEAD OF HOGS

9 brood sows, 2 will have pigs by their side, 3 in January, 4 in February, 3 boars. The rest are shoats weighing from 40 to 80 pounds.

FARMING IMPLEMENTS

1 home made 4 horse wagon in good order, 1 set of hay carriages 18 feet long, good as new; 1 corn worker in good order. Sale to commence at 1 o'clock sharp. Terms: A credit of 12 months will be given or 5 per cent off for cash.

CHAS. MILLHIMES.

Thompson, Auct.
Meckley and Deatrick, Clerks.

Medical Advertising

Union City Stomach Victim Tells How He Regained Health Quickly

Mr. Martinran Finds Good Health After Using Mayr's Wonderful Remedy.

C. Martinran, of 42 Graves street, Union City, Pa., after long suffering from ailments of the stomach and the digestive tract, took Mayr's Wonderful Stomach Remedy with the most remarkable results.

The suffering of years was ended with the first dose.

Mr. Martinran's experience is told in a letter—written a year after taking the remedy, thus proving the permanent nature of the benefits. He wrote:

"It has been a year since I took your treatment, which I am sure did me a great amount of good. My health at present is good, thanks to your wonderful remedy. I will always recommend it to my friends."

This letter is typical of those written by the thousands of users of Mayr's Wonderful Stomach Remedy.

in all parts of the country. It is known everywhere. The first dose convinces—no long treatment.

Mayr's Wonderful Stomach Remedy clears the digestive tract of mucus, acid secretions and poisonous matter. It brings swift relief to sufferers from ailments of the stomach, liver and bowels. Many declare it has saved them from dangerous operations; many are sure it has saved their lives.

We want all people who have chronic stomach trouble or constipation, no matter of how long standing, to try one dose of Mayr's Wonderful Stomach Remedy—one dose will convince you. This is the medicine so many of our people have been taking with surprising results. The most thorough system cleanser we ever sold. Mayr's Wonderful Stomach Remedy is now sold here by People's Drug Store and druggists everywhere.

Opportunities

WHY pay big rents when you can secure your wants right in the centre of the town at a lower cost. I have a large number of rooms by day, week, month or year. Will be fitted for your exact wants. Electric lights, heat, hot and cold water, bath, in fact every convenience. For information call on

JOHN F. WALTER,
LINCOLN WAY HOTEL

Will Buy FURS

I am ready now to buy raw furs of all kinds. Owing to the export trade being cut off, the prices are lower this year than usual, but I will pay the full market value at all times. Bring in your Furs. Telephone or write.

Harry Veiner,

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